

THIRTY-NINTH YEAR

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, TUESDAY, MARCH 8, 1921

PRICE FIVE CENTS

GERMANS DO NOT RESIST ALLIES

MISSOURI RIVER ICE EXPECTED
TO BREAK UP AT THIS POINT SOON;
BRIDGE WORKERS PREPAREDRiver Is Now Open From South-
ern Border of North Dakota
and in Montana

REMOVE MACHINERY

Foundation Company Acts to
Save \$30,000 Worth of Ma-
terial Used in Work

The Missouri river is now open from the southern border of North Dakota south and at Wolf Point, Montana. The river may break up at Bismarck within a few days, and to avoid loss that would be caused by the breaking up of the ice the Foundation company is removing equipment from the river.

Had the temporary cold snap not descended upon this section of North Dakota yesterday and last night it is not improbable that the river would have broken up today or tomorrow according to O. W. Roberts, weather observer. The present cold weather is expected to disappear within a day or two.

The stage of water in the river at all points is very low, and no serious damage is expected when the ice does go out.

Save \$30,000 Equipment.

Preparations for the breaking up of the ice was well high completed today by the superintendent of the bridge work.

The temporary bridge across the river is being removed, all of the machinery, boilers and other equipment is being taken out to prevent loss when the ice goes out. The machinery and equipment that would be in the path of the ice flow is said to be worth \$30,000.

Work on the piers will necessarily be discontinued to a large extent during the time the ice is going out, but workmen will build up the superstructure of pier No. 1, and will work on the east approach to the bridge and continue work on the approaches on the western side. Pier No. 1 will be finished within a short time, it is believed.

Don't Fear Ice.

Pier Nos. 1 and 2 are now about 70 percent complete above water, pier No. 3 is sealed off and No. 4 is nearly ready to be sealed. There is a cement cover on pier No. 3 to prevent ice and water going into the tubular concrete caisson, and pier No. 4 has a cement cover with air lock.

The fact that all of the piers are completed far enough that the ice flow would cause no damage is gratifying to those in charge of the work, who have been bending every energy to prevent damage by a sudden breaking up of the ice. As soon as the ice is out the work on the piers in the middle of the river will be continued.

Snow Is Light.

The ice in the river at Pierre, S. D. broke up at 1 p. m. February 26, according to the weather bureau's information and at Chamberlain, S. D. on Feb. 27. The ice went out at Moorhead, S. D. on March 2. The river is rising slowly at all points in Montana and North Dakota. The fact that the snow covering in the territory adjacent to the Missouri river in these two states is light makes a considerable rise from run-off of melting snow improbable.

The weather bureau, for information of readers of The Tribune, has prepared a record of the dates of the breaking up of the ice in the river for the period from 1846 to 1919; the dates taken from official records. They follow:

1846 to 1873, inclusive; made at Fort Buford.

1846—April 19	1860—March 29
1847—April 3	1861—April 9
1848—April 8	1862—March 31
1849—April 1	1863—March 3
1850—April 1	1864—April 9
1851—March 31	1865—April 15
1852—March 26	1866—April 11
1853—March 29	1867—April 6
1854—April 8	1868—March 29
1855—March 29	1869—March 27
1856—March 22	1870—April 6
1857—March 24	1871—March 12
1858—April 15	1872—March 12
1859—April 21	1873—March 17

1874 to 1919, inclusive; made at Bismarck.

1874—April 18	1897—April 5
1875—April 17	1898—April 10
1876—March 25	1899—April 12
1877—March 30	1900—April 31
1878—March 16	1901—March 31
1879—March 29	1902—April 4
1880—March 30	1903—April 5
1881—March 31	1904—April 6
1882—April 5	1905—March 22
1883—April 10	1906—April 2
1884—March 25	1907—March 25
1885—April 4	1908—April 5
1886—April 3	1909—April 3
1887—March 16	1910—March 13
1888—April 9	1911—March 23
1889—March 24	1912—April 3
1890—April 4	1913—April 5
1891—April 3	1914—April 5
1892—April 2	1915—April 6
1893—April 3	1916—March 28
1894—March 16	1917—April 2
1895—March 27	1918—March 22
1896—March 29	1919—April 5

Japanese made matches in boxes bearing Swedish labels can no longer be imported into this country.

HARDING HOBBY
TO HELP OTHERS

Washington, Mar. 8.—President Harding, at a press club hobby night, said his hobby was to help the fellow who is down and out.

SOVIET TROOPS
CALLED ON TO
CRUSH REVOLT

Insurgent Movement Reported
to Gain Strength in
Capital

GENERAL STRIKE IS ON

Hundreds of Thousands of Men
and Women Leave
Tasks

Warsaw, Mar. 8.—Strong detachments of Russian Bolshevik cavalry commanded by General Dudenny are being rushed from South Russia to Moscow to crush the insurgents who are said to be gaining in power daily in the Russian capital.

Reports declare that many units of the Bolshevik infantry divisions are disloyal, but the Chinese mercenaries in the service of the Communists are standing firmly by their Soviet leaders.

Baris Savinkov, leader of the Russian socialist revolutionaries, with headquarters here, has expressed belief that the present disturbance in Russia may be the beginning of the end of the Soviet rule.

MANY KILLED.

London, Mar. 8.—During a recent bombardment of the workmen's headquarters in Moscow from a hill overlooking the city, a Central News dispatch from Helsingfors today several hundred persons were killed and numbers of others were wounded.

Hundreds of thousands of men and women now are on strike in Moscow, the report added.

The bombardment followed a call for a general strike by the leaders of the workmen and a demand for the immediate convocation of the constituent assembly.

KERENSKY BUSY.

Copenhagen, March 8.—Alexander Kerensky, premier of the Russian provisional government, which was overthrown by the Bolsheviks late in 1917, is reported at Kronstadt, the Russian fortress near Petrograd.

Kerensky, it is declared, is directing the revolutionary offensive against Petrograd with that fortress as a base.

HIGHWAY BODY
EXPECTED HERE
TO TALK PLANS

Reduction of Appropriation
Places New Problems Before Board

Governor Frazier may call the state highway commission into an early session to determine the course to be pursued by that body as a result of the action of the legislature in cutting the annual appropriation of the department from \$150,000 to \$50,000.

Under the appropriation, unless a way is discovered to avoid the situation, state highway work with federal aid will be greatly restricted, according to plans have been completed.

At the present time the commission is ready to let contracts for 250 miles of roadwork scattered in various parts of the state, and surveys and plans have been completed of 350 miles of road work which would be abandoned.

The amount of the highway fund available for counties will be materially reduced by the appropriation of \$125,000 to complete the Missouri river bridge, which amount comes out of the motor vehicle license fund. With this amount and the \$50,000 appropriation taken out of the estimated receipts of \$700,000 in the motor vehicle fund in 1921 there would be left less than \$500,000 to be divided into one-half for state aid projects and one-half to go direct to the counties for road work.

The commission now has about 100 employees, and the appropriation is not sufficient to keep up the present pay roll after July 1, it is said.

GUARDSMEN GET
RECOGNITION

Company E, William, North Dakota National Guard and Company H, Jamestown, have been accorded formal recognition, according to word received at the office of Adjutant General G. A. Fraser. Company M, Grand Forks, which received federal recognition sometime ago, is now receiving equipment.

PARTNERS



Woodrow Wilson (right) has announced that he will take up the practice of law with former Secretary of State Bainbridge Colby (left). They will have offices in New York and Washington.

RECALL PLAN
IS GIVEN UP
IN EMMONS CO.

Linton, N. D., Mar. 8.—The proposed recall election in the First Commissioner's District came to a sudden end when the matter was heard before Judge McKenna, at Napoleon. The court held that the county auditor should be enjoined from proceeding with the election as asked for in the action started by Mr. Goughanour.

The recall petitions contain the name of one gentleman in Hazelton who has been extremely noisy about this recall business and who certified that he was a resident and elector of the First District when he was in reality a resident of the Second District, and has therefore certified to a lie.

HAYS EXPECTED
TO CUT 'PIE' IN
POSTOFFICES

G. O. P. Leaders Believe They'll
"Get Away With" Cleanup

(By Newspaper Enterprise.)
Washington, Mar. 8.—Will the order of President Wilson, made March 31, 1917, placing the selection of first, second and third-class postmasters under civil service, stand the piecemeal rush of job-hungry Republicans?

Indications are that it will not—that the 11,336 postoffices in those three classes will be utilized to pay party campaign obligations and strengthen Republican organization machinery.

The incoming postmaster general, Will H. Hays, who is also chairman of the Republican National Committee, so far has given no statement of his future policy.

Country Ready.

But party leaders believe the country is ready, psychologically, to support any move that sets aside orders of the Democratic regime.

No records are available to show the party affiliations of postmasters in the three higher classes of offices today.

An inventory of intimations by Republicans, however, that the Democrats had not carried out the president's order in good faith, the department on Feb. 12 asked postmasters in the upper classes to state their party allegiance.

Up to March there were 2,103 answers. Of this number, 1,012 said they were Democrats, 907 declared they were Republicans, 32 listed themselves as Independent, 10 as Prohibitionists, 3 as Socialists, 123 said they had no affiliation. Ten failed to state their party.

Republicans Lead.
Eliminating the answers from the 11 southern states, where Democrats might easily be expected to predominate, the lineup was:

Democrats, 568; Republicans, 846; Independents, 26; Prohibitionists, 9; Socialists, 3, without affiliations, 95.

Even in the "solid south," however, the returns showed G. O. P. postmasters in 4 Alabama offices, 5 in Arkansas, 7 in Florida, 5 in Kentucky, 9 in North Carolina, 6 in Georgia, 4 in Louisiana, 11 in Texas, 5 in Virginia, 1 in Mississippi and 2 in South Carolina.

The piecemeal rush is particularly strong toward the department to be headed by Hays, as his position as chairman of the national committee and manager of the Harding campaign has fitted him to know just who did and who did not pull zealously for party success during the campaign.

2,388 DEPORTED IN '20.

New York, Mar. 8.—Transatlantic liners in 1920 brought 705,413 passengers to the United States from European ports and took away 484,476.

Net gain in "Yankee Sam's" population was only 21,937 during the year.

Those deported totaled 2,388, including ones rejected by immigration officials, also many radicals.

Present Plays.

Valley City, March 8.—The normal school presented three one-act plays under the direction of Miss Susan McCoy. The plays were a success, both from an artistic and financial standpoint.

WOMEN OF CITY
ASK THAT PARK
BE BEAUTIFIED

Community Effort Suggested to
Make Custer Park Worth
While

MAKE OTHER REQUESTS

Representatives of Women
Council Plan to Ask Park
Movement

Improvement of Custer park and beautifying of the city's boulevards are among the immediate objects to be sought by the women of the city. Sentiment of 800 women, members of various organizations of the city, was expressed through a committee of the Woman's Community Council, which appeared before the city commission meeting last night.

Suggestions for making the beautification of Custer park a community enterprise and to have a general cleanup day in the spring on which citizens would combine to weed lawns, remove unsightly objects and plant trees and flowers were advanced during the informal discussion.

It is not improbable that a day will be set aside in the spring on which citizens generally will be asked to lend their aid in filling in Custer park and make it ready for seeding and planting of trees. It was said that it would cost \$3,000 or \$4,000 for the city to put enough dirt in Custer park to make it level or sloping and fit for plantings.

Look to Park Plan.

To avoid spending so much money at this time one of the commissioners suggested the community effort.

That the requests made of the commission last night are only the beginning of what the women wish to do in the way of improvements, particularly in the matter of parks, was indicated by one of the speakers.

The Woman's Community Council representatives were Mrs. T. R. Smyth, Mrs. F. H. Hestger, Mrs. Geo. Welch, Mrs. H. P. O'Hare, Mrs. B. H. Tong, Mrs. C. L. Young and Mrs. D. T. Owens. They presented a written request to the commissioners for the following:

1. Order the curfew ordinance enforced by giving the signal at the hours specified.

2. Require more frequent collection of garbage in a tank or wagon tightly covered and prescribe a standard and garbage can to be tightly closed and used by all residents.

3. Make provision for seeding and beautifying of the city's boulevards.

4. Seed Custer park with lawn grass and provide water for its upkeep.

5. Publish regularly the notices in regard to analysis of milk and water. There is an old curfew ordinance in the city, passed April 11, 1899, which provided that all unaccompanied children should be off the streets between 9 p. m. and 5 a. m. from March 1 to April 30; between 10 p. m. and 5 a. m. from May 1 to Aug. 31; between 9 p. m. and 5 a. m. from Sept. 1 and Nov. 30, and between 8 p. m. and 5 a. m. from Dec. 1 to the last day of February.

A request was presented to the commission by I. P. Baker, W. A. Leach and Julia B. Leach, owners of not less than three-fourths of a land lying south and west of the Northern Pacific railroad, toward the river, to have the property removed from the corporate limits of the city. The petition stated that there are no municipal improvements of any kind in the tract.

ITALIAN CLASH
FATAL TO FOUR

Rome, Mar. 8.—Four persons were killed, a dozen wounded and 200 arrested following a clash between Communists and extreme Nationalists.

RED TRAIL WORK
TO BE STARTED
IN NEAR FUTURE

The county commissioners have authorized the employment of a foreman at \$150 a month to supervise grading on the Red Trail, giving the foreman authority to employ necessary help. The foreman probably will be named within a short time and the work started as soon as the road can be worked. The foreman will be allowed to hire necessary help, with maximum wages as follows: \$4 per day for one man; \$6 a day for man and team; \$8 a day for man and four horses.

FARM BUREAU
HEADS ACTIVE

Mandan, Mar. 8.—The officers of the Morton County Farm Bureau Federation are making plans for increased activity. The address of Usher L. Burdick at the organization meeting last Saturday last put fresh enthusiasm in the movement.

The officers are: John Dawson, Barnes, president; John Christianson, New Salem, vice president; John C. Smith, Mandan, treasurer.

The members of the board of directors are: Paul Schultz, Hebron; August Knutson, Audubon; Joseph Unkenholz, Mandan; Ed Sawtell, Flasher; Paul Wehner, Fort Rice; Mike Schmidt, Fallon and Martin Klein, St. Anthony.

Stanley, N. D., March 8.—No reason has been discovered for the suicide of Daniel Knutson, farmer, who was found hanging in his barn. The family was absent when the deed was done. He leaves a wife and six children, the youngest only five years old.

COMMITTEE SUICIDE.

Valley City, N. D., March 8.—Forty friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Green met with the couple last Friday to help them commemorate their golden wedding. The rooms were beautifully decorated with yellow daffodils.

"THIRD HOUSE"
NO EXCEPTION
FROM WAR TAX

The "third house" of the North Dakota legislature caused the state no expense.

After paying \$50.17 to the government as "war tax" on the dances given, the management had a small sum of money left over which was given to the Salvation Army.

Through the "third house" has unofficial recognition in North Dakota legislature, since the dance committee was unable to convince Uncle Sam's representatives that as a "semi-official" branch of the state government it was exempt from the federal tax.

WAGE CUTS ARE
ANNOUNCED BY
MEAT PACKERS

Also Plan to Revise Working
Hours of the Employees

PLEAD LOWER PRICES

Says Values Have Declined
Materially—Union Men May
Fight

Chicago, Mar. 8.—Wage decreases of approximately 12 1/2 per cent affecting more than 100,000 employees of the packing industry in all parts of the country were announced today. The reductions are effective on March 14.

At the same time there will be a revision of working hours time and one-half for overtime being paid only after ten hours labor in any one day or 64 hours in any one week. Double time will be paid for Sundays and holidays.

It also was announced that the packers are working out plans to establish closer relations between the workers and owners of the plants with a view of giving employees a voice in all matters of mutual interest.

The value of our raw materials and meat and by-products have suffered the most severe decline ever witnessed, said the Swift company. "Our profits have fallen continuously since 1917."

READY TO FIGHT.

Chicago, Mar. 8.—The packers are looking for a strike and there is no doubt they will get one if they insist on their proposal to return to the old ten hour day, said Dennis Lane, secretary of the Amalgamated Butchers and Cutters Union.

Mr. Lane said that it really was necessary for the packers to reduce wages to do business the employees would be willing "to come halfway in any proposition that was made in a fair and just way."

COSTA RICA
ACCEPTS PLAN

Washington, Mar. 8.—Costa Rica has announced its intention of complying with the American proposals.

State department officials today awaited the reply from Panama to the identical notes dispatched to the Republic and Costa Rica.

Panama, March 8.—The foreign office gave out last night the government's reply to the note of former Secretary of State Colby of March 3 and Secretary of State Hughes of March 5. If acceptance of terms of Chief Justice White be essential to peaceful North American mediation, such mediation would be a moral, legal and constitutional impossibility, the note said.

FRENCH FORCE LARGEST

London, Mar. 8.—This morning's newspapers, with one exception, approved of the allied decision to penalize Germany. This exception was the Daily News which said Lloyd George had brushed aside solid German offers making for a peaceful solution.

YANK SWIMMER
SETS NEW RECORD

Montreal, Can., Mar. 9.—Norman Ross, of Chicago, set a new world's record of 5 minutes three and four-fifths seconds for the 440-yard swim.

TOBACCO CROP

Lexington, Mar. 8.—Plans for the curtailment of the 1921 crop of Burley tobacco were abandoned by the growers' association which failed to sign up 60 per cent of the growers.

FRENCH FORCE LARGEST

London, Mar. 8.—The French army will be the bulk of the forces for the new monarch in Germany. Great Britain's contribution in men will be only large enough to show her solidarity with the allies, who wait with the deepest interest for any sign of America's attitude toward the new enterprise.

The general feeling in England appears to be one of relief, without enthusiasm. The prime minister explained the position of the house of commons last night in a speech, in which there was no note of jubilation. The majority of English newspapers have taken the line that the most important point involved was that the allies should stand together, while the French press has freely voiced its fears that Lloyd George

TROOPS ENTER
GERMAN CITIES;
PEOPLE QUIET

President Ebert Calls It Example
of Foreign "Despotism"

FRENCH ARE JUBILANT

Say Action of Allies to Enforce
Reparations Is Diplomatic
Stroke

Berlin, Mar. 8.—Occupation of Dueseldorf, Duisburg and Ruhr by allied forces will not be opposed by the German government. It was indicated here today.

President Ebert has issued an appeal to the German people to bear "this foreign despotism with austere dignity." His proclamation also states that the Germans "were ambushed" in the midst of the London conference by Lloyd George's announcement that the penalties had been put into effect.

(By Associated Press.)
French Military Headquarters, Germany, Mar. 8.—Occupation of additional German territory which the allies have announced they would take possession of as one of the penalties for Germany's failures to meet the allied reparations demands, was carried out today. No untoward incident marked the eastward march of allied troops, according to late reports.

The occupation of the city of Dueseldorf, the largest of the cities taken over by the allies, was completed this morning and the occupation of Duisburg and Ruhrort, comprising together the chief port of the Ruhr coal and industrial region, this afternoon.

The entire movement was effected in a way to obviate so far as possible a show of force but the French and British Rhine forces were prepared for eventualities.

Would Help Workers.
After the occupation of Dueseldorf, General De Goutte issued a proclamation to its people in which he declared the occupation was not a measure of hostility against the people, but one intended to compel the government of Germany to carry out its obligations.

No obstacles would be raised against carrying on the economic life of the region, he declared, and the allied authorities were ready to aid the workers in improving their condition, especially as regards provisioning.

ENTER TOGETHER
Meysens, Mar. 8.—Belgian and French troops entered Dueseldorf this morning.

French and Belgian troops occupied Duisburg at noon.

The allied Rhine flotilla took possession of Ruhrort.

Inhabitants were warned in a proclamation by local authorities against taking a provocative attitude toward the allies and they were asked to be quiet and keep off the streets.

Women and children were especially warned to remain at home. Up to the hour when British, French and Belgian troops entered Dueseldorf the people knew nothing of the nationality of the forces to be moved into the city nor was the hour of arrival known. The population was gloomy but was resigned.

The Belgians entered Dueseldorf by the bridge over the Rhine while the Anglo-French forces advanced by way of the Cologne bridgehead, marching to the right bank of the Rhine and entering Dueseldorf from the south and east.

PARIS JUBILANT.
Paris, Mar. 9.—An undercurrent of exaltation is expressed in newspaper comment here on news of the break between the allies and Germany and the ending of the reparations conference.

"France did not seek the break, but the break occurred," said the Excelsior. "It may be said, however, we do not regret it, for after all it will bring a solution to the problem."

"It is most fortunate," said the Figaro, "that the Germans decided to break off the negotiations."

"It was a brilliant diplomatic success," said Le Rappel.

The Communist La Humanite, however, asks are the Pan-Germans and the French Chauvinists again going to plunge the world into turmoil?

ONE PAPER DISSENTS.
London, Mar. 8.—This morning's newspapers, with one exception, approved of the allied decision to penalize Germany. This exception was the Daily News which said Lloyd George had brushed aside solid German offers making for a peaceful solution.

FRENCH FORCE LARGEST
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QUEEN OF THE WEST PROUD OF MEDORA RANCH

Death of Madame De Mores Recalls Picturesque Days of Past

Those who read in the Tribune of the death of Madame De Mores will be interested in the following intimate account of her activities with her husband at Medora.

Madame De Mores, widow of Marquis De Mores of Medora fame, died at her chateau in Cannes, France, Wednesday morning. The news reached here at noon the same day through a cablegram to T. A. Davis of Medora, who is in charge of the Le Mores estate at that place. The message gave no particulars other than the brief statement that the former "Queen of the West" and namesake of the little Billings county capital had passed.

There are but few people whose lives were so closely interwoven in the early history of western North Dakota and especially of the Medora country as those of Madame De Mores and her husband, Marquis. A study of their life during their residence in the Bad Lands reads like a fairy tale. Had it not been for them there probably would be no Medora today. It was they who founded the town, sustained it during the early years of its growth and sunk a colossal fortune in endeavoring to make it the greatest town of the west through the enterprises they established.

Madame De Mores was about 65 years of age. Unlike her husband, who was altogether French, both in ancestry and customs, she was the daughter of a rich New York banker and her maiden name was Medora Hoffman. She is survived by three children, a son and two daughters, all of whom lived at Medora with their parents and now reside in France. The Marquis was assassinated while on a hunting expedition in Africa in 1889. The estate at Medora, composed of about 5,000 acres, together with numerous buildings in the town, still remains intact. A caretaker has been constantly employed to keep up the buildings and their chalet, which was considered a mansion in the early days, remains exactly as Madame De Mores left it on her last visit to Medora seventeen years ago with the exception of changes made necessary by the ravages of the elements. It is not likely that any disposition will be made of the estate at this time.

The passing of Madame De Mores will cause old timers who lived in this section numerous exciting incidents in connection with the life of the Marquis and her dashing young husband, who staked and sacrificed so much in their desire to establish a proud empire in the west. It opens for a moment a long closed page in the history of a sedate grain growing and stock raising state that has taken the place of the wild country that the De Mores found when they came to establish their ranch.

The Marquis was described as a beautiful, winsome young man when the first came to Medora. It was there that she acquired wonderful ability as a horsewoman. That, and her courage are still the talk of the Bad Lands.

Seventeen years ago she returned to Medora with her children for a brief visit, giving as her excuse, "I just wanted to see Medora. I wanted my children to see the place where they lived so long. I have no plans. I loved Medora. I love it still and it will be very dear to my memory. I will not let Medora die, until after I do. I can't tell just what I will do but I just had to see the old ranch."

Many stories have been told about her kindness and generosity. She was a charming hostess and while the De Mores made their home at Medora their house was always filled with guests, many of whom were persons of distinction. During the dark days of the World War she proved herself

a true heroine by her efforts in behalf of France and many North Dakota boys were entertained by her while overseas. She was the god-mother to John Goodall, Jr., a former resident of Dickinson.

The career of the Marquis was a checkered one. Backed by the millions of his wife's father he laid the foundation of a wonderful establishment at Medora in 1883. He conceived stupendous plans for furnishing beef to the markets of the world. He built an immense packing plant and made plans for a line of packing plants that would extend to the great lakes. He established a stage line between Medora and Deadwood, S. D. The packing plant business passed into the hands of the great packers and the building which housed it burned several years ago. The stage line was soon abandoned.

In spite of the quick temper and flighty disposition which characterized the Marquis, old timers state that he was brave to the last degree, adventurous and always eager to invest in some new scheme.

It was while he resided at Medora that he was arrested in connection with the killing of a cowboy by the name of Lefe Kelly. He was tried for murder at Bismarck but was never convicted. It was known, however, by residents of the town that he was not guilty of the crime.

He returned with his family to France in 1886. Shortly after he organized an expedition to northern Africa and it was there that he was shot from ambush, supposedly by his enemies, while he was exploring the jungles.

Years ago Madame De Mores wrote a book in which she told the story of this expedition. It was published only in the French language, however.

The children were educated in American colleges and spoke English as fluently as French. The son entered Yale university at the time of his mother's last visit to Medora. He was then 18.

The De Mores were well known to many of the old residents of Dickinson and the Slope country, who will regret to learn of the passing of the Marquis who played such an important role in the early development of the west.

ROMANCE FOR WILTON MAN IN HOSPITAL

Wilton, N. D., Mar. 7.—S. C. Ingalls, Standard Oil representative for this district, returned to Wilton Monday accompanied by his bride. Mr. Ingalls left Wilton two months ago for Rochester, Minnesota, to undergo an operation. During his stay in the hospital, a friendship between himself and one of the nurses developed and, by the time he was ready to leave, they decided to be married.

Mr. and Mrs. Ingalls will remain here a few days before going to Bettendorf, where Mr. Ingalls will have headquarters.

PAYMENT FOR EMPLOYEES IS NOT SETTLED

Whether or not persons engaged by the house auditing committee, engaged in investigating state industries, will be paid rests upon decision of state officials.

D. C. Poindester, state auditor, indicated today that he did not believe he was authorized to pay the bills, and said that he expected that mandamus proceedings would be taken against him.

There is said to be about \$5,000 remaining in this legislative expense fund, but that it is doubtful if the bills will be paid in full. Among the bills are those of girls who did stenographic work for the committee, and the attorneys and others are extremely anxious that they be paid.

WILTON MINE TRAIN TAKEN OFF BY \$500

Washburn, N. D., Mar. 7.—The big plant of the Washburn Lignite Coal company was the scene of a motley array of vehicles Tuesday morning when the whistle blew for work. Nearly sixty automobiles, twenty horse-drawn conveyances and a number of bicycles were in evidence in the huge auto shed and about the grounds of the plant.

Tuesday was the first day the employees were obliged to furnish their own transportation since last November, when the mine train was put on.

Last Saturday the train was turned back to the Soo line, on account of the continued mild weather and from now on during the summer months the employees will ride to and from their work in their own conveyances.

The mine train which has operated at the plant of the local coal company for several years, was taken off a month earlier than usual on account of the fine weather.

The big plant is at present operating four days per week, but has been producing close to 25,000 tons per month in spite of the lack of cold weather.

WONT TAKE ANY LONG TIME LOANS

Beach, N. D., Mar. 7.—"We will be pleased to pay Golden Valley county what we owe it if it will accept in exchange a life value in farm mortgages taken in that county," is the way F. W. Cathro, director of the Bank of North Dakota replied in essence to the demand of County Treasurer Crone, at Bismarck early in the week, for the return to the county of the \$20,000 sinking fund deposited some months ago in the state bank on the explicit promise that the county could have the money March first, the date when the bonds the sinking fund was to cover fell due.

The proposition was not accepted.

Charles Wong, Wee will not be responsible for any bills made by Lay Lee, Jen On, Joe Con, after March 12th. American Cafe.

See Lon Chaney as "Blizzard" in "The Penalty" at the Orpheum tonight.

THE HARDINGS' LAST DAY AT HOME!



The Hardings' last day at home in Marion, O., was marked by an affectionate farewell by the townfolk who have known them intimately most of their lives. The famous "front porch" saw its last reception when thousands of Marion people gathered to present the next president and first lady with a silver plaque. The presentation was made by Rev. T. H. McAfee (at Mrs. Harding's left), pastor of Trinity Baptist Church, which the Hardings attend. During the ceremony Mrs. Harding broke into tears. At its conclusion she pressed a rose from her bouquet into her husband's hand, then scattered the rest among the crowd. Mr. and Mrs. Harding then shook hands with thousands, calling many by their first names—including even the newsboys, whom the president greeted as Bob, Smithy and Red.

INDIANS IN TURTLE LAKE MOUNTAINS SAID TO BE STARVING BECAUSE THEY MAKE MOONSHINE INSTEAD OF WORKING

Chief Said That Appeal Must Soon Be Sent to Red Cross to Aid Them—Tells Police Chief That Times Never Were So Hard for Indians

Chicago, N. D., March 7.—Many of the Chippewa Indians on the Turtle Lake reservation are entirely out of food and clothing and must soon appeal to the Red Cross to aid them, according to Peter Marcellais, chief of the Indian police, who was in Fargo in connection with the session of the federal grand jury.

For 25 years, Chief Marcellais, part French and Chippewa, has acted as interpreter for the government at the Turtle Lake agency. For 12 years he has been chief of the Indian police on the reservation and a year ago was appointed by E. B. Merritt, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs, as deputy special officer to assist the government in the suppression of liquor traffic among the Indians.

Hard Times a Record. Times probably have never been so hard on the Turtle Mountain reservation which extends from the Turtle mountains to the Montana line, according to Chief Marcellais. Some of the little children have no clothing or nothing to eat and are waiting aid from their pale-face fathers. The young and old braves on the reservation have a little timber but there appears to be no market. Chief Marcellais reports that wood is selling at \$1 a foot on a four-foot plank, about 12 feet long, and that it is necessary to haul it eight and eight miles for that price. Some of the Indians take employment at chopping wood at \$1 a cord and board themselves. There was little trapping during the winter and crop failures last year made conditions very bad for the Indians.

Chief Marcellais, who talks French, Cree, Chippewa and English, owns 160 acres of land with his wife which he says he will summer fallow this year because of this crop failure last season. Chief Marcellais brought his poverty message to the United States authorities in Fargo. It is probable that some action will be taken at the close of the present term of federal court.

WOMEN IN WALL STREET



Miss Helen Husted (upper left) forsook the school desk and is shown now as one of the shrewdest operators in Wall Street. Miss Kathleen Taylor (upper right) represents a Wall Street concern and lectures on "Women and Finance." Miss Eleanor Keer (lower left) also was a school teacher. She is manager of the statistical department of an investment company. Miss Beatrice Carr collects and analyzes data for a banking house.

Whiskey Causes Trouble.

However, the chief trouble on the reservation is from the manufacture of "moonshine" whiskey. Some persons got onto the government area and taught a few of the old-time Indians how to make firewater. Frequently authorities unearth stills and the owners are hauled into court. That times must be hard on the reservation was clearly shown in the United States district court this week when four Indians, three men and a squaw, pleaded guilty to violating provisions of the national prohibition act. When sentenced by the court to pay a fine of \$25 each, not one of the prisoners had the amount and they expressed doubt whether they could obtain it. The court gave them 10 days in which to get the amount of the fine.

RUBE SCHAUER TO PLAY AGAIN IN MINNEAPOLIS

Garrison, N. D., March 7.—Alex Schauer, who has played with the Minneapolis club for years, has signed up to pitch for the Millers again this season, according to a letter received early this week by his father J. A. Schauer, of this place.

He was one of the leading pitchers in the association in 1919 when he performed in 58 games. Being a willing worker he often pitched out of turn and always was ready to go into the box as relief man. Schauer won 21 games and lost 17 in 1919. Rube participated in 36 games in 1920, winning 12 and losing an equal number.

In addition to his pitching ability, Schauer is a valuable player on a club as he can perform capably in the outfield in a pinch and is a good hitter.

Schauer had thought considerably of remaining out of baseball this season and sticking to his job in the county auditor's office, but Manager Joe Cantillon persuaded him to return to the Millers.

The club has left for Oklahoma City, Okla., to start training for the season.

BEACH PASTOR LEAVES CHURCH

Beach, N. D., Mar. 7.—Rev. Charles Richter returned today from a two weeks revival work at Wing, N. D., and attending the district conference at Bowman. During his absence Mr. Richter has received several calls from other churches and has made up his mind to accept one of them in a neighborhood close to where many relatives live, and with this in view will tender his resignation of the pastorate of the Congregationalist church.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

You are hereby notified that the Motor Vehicle Department has received a complete supply of automobile and motorcycle tags for the year of 1921. In view of this fact it is my duty to rigorously enforce the law requiring automobiles and motorcycles to display the proper 1921 tags. From and after this date I shall expect the public to give their hearty support and co-operation in complying with the Motor Vehicle Law.

ROLLIN WELCH, Sheriff, Burleigh County, North Dakota

WEATHER REPORT.

For twenty-four hours ending at noon, March 7:
Temperature at 7 a. m. 33
Lowest yesterday 40
Lowest yesterday 40
Lowest last night 31
Precipitation None
Highest wind velocity 18-NW
Forecast:
For North Dakota. Unsettled and much colder tonight, with snow in the east and central portions; Tuesday generally fair.

PLEADS GUILTY TO CHARGE OF SALE OF LIQUOR

Barber Shop Porter Fined by Judge Nuesse and Sentence Suspended

Frank Clark pleaded guilty to selling intoxicating liquor before Judge W. L. Nuesse in district court today, was given three months in jail, fined \$200 and costs and the fine and jail sentence suspended.

The affidavit against Clark, who is a colored porter in the McKenzie barber shop, was made by F. E. McCurdy, state's attorney, who alleged that Clark sold whiskey to Donald Thurston. Clark made a statement in which he admitted selling a quart of liquor for \$18 a quart and said Thurston told him "to keep the change."

BISMARCK BOY AND GIRL WIN COLLEGE DEBATE

George Scott Register, son of Geo. M. Register, of Bismarck, was one of the two members of the Jamestown college freshman debating team which defeated the Agricultural College of South Dakota team at Brookings, S. D., last Friday night, according to word received here. His team mate was William Shary of Jamestown. The South Dakota team previously had been victorious over the North Dakota Agricultural team and the Montana Agricultural college team.

Alice Marie Dale, whose father and brother are residents of the city, was a member of the girls' team which met girls from the South Dakota college at Jamestown the same night. She and her team mate, Reeta Tor-doff, of Jamestown, were victorious.

A. O. U. W. Dance at Elks' Hall on Tuesday, March 8.

59¢ Columbia Blue Label Records

This Price Applies to 130 Retired Records

If you've never owned a Columbia Blue Label Record, here's your chance. Today we put on sale 130 standard Columbia Records—all made within the last eighteen months.

Dance, Song, and Comic Selections

If you haven't heard them, you've heard about them from your friends—popular records made by Al Jolson, Van and Schenck, Harry Fox, Ted Lewis' Jazz Band, etc.

For a Limited Time Only

The supply is limited. The time is limited. Call today and get these retired popular records you've heard so much about.

Cowan Drug Store Bismarck, N. D.

OIL

HAS MADE THOUSANDS RICH IN MONTANA

Are you interested in the vital forces which have made Montana prominent overnight and are lowering the metropolis of the Treasure State? Do you want to know of the thousands and thousands of dollars which have been piled up by investors in this great oil pool—CAT CREEK—the sensation of the oil world? We have the full details of this famous country from the day of the first well down to date and a map of the entire oil structure as prepared by Government Geologists. Send the coupon below and we will forward it to you by return mail.

USE THIS COUPON

Lewistown Finance Co., Room 8, Cook-Reynolds Bldg., Lewistown, Montana.

Kindly send me map and literature of the famous Montana Oil Fields, without charge.

Name _____ Address _____

FIT TO FIGHT

Life's greatest battles are between strength and weakness.

Scott's Emulsion

a high-powered tonic, nutrient, nourishes and fortifies the whole body.

Scott & Bowne, Bismarck, N. D. ALSO MAKERS OF

KI-MOIDS

(Tablets or Granules) For INDIGESTION

Easter Suits

Guaranteed All Wool Early Spring Patterns

Made to Your Order

\$22.00 to \$75.00

All Work Guaranteed

Frank Krall TAILOR

WAITS 55 YEARS TO STRIKE GOLD

Helena, Mont., March 8.—In the death of George Brant, 81 years old, one of the earliest placer miners of Confederate Gulch, near here, a 55-years search for gold came to an end. Brant came with the first big rush of the gold-mad in the early sixties, built a log cabin on the crest of a neighboring hill and for 55 years lived in the same spot.

The gulch, in its gala day, is credited with having yielded more gold than any other spot of like size ever discovered in the world. The veins played out, however, in the late sixties, and Diamond City as the mining town was called, became a mere handful of weather-beaten and deserted shacks.

Brant, however, never lost faith that he would strike it rich, and for more than a half century lived by the gulch and prospected for gold. The "mother lode" over which he spent more than half his life, is still unlocated.

Brant was buried near the site of his log home amid the drab scenes of his lifetime's vigil.

Directors Meeting.
Devils Lake, N. D., Mar. 8.—A local chairman for each town through which the Roosevelt highway passes will be named here late today by the county directors of the North Dakota division of the highway association meeting here.

Newspaper Man Dies.
Grand Forks, March 8.—The death of W. B. Hunsberger, former Grand Forks newspaper owner, in Minneapolis Saturday came as a shock to his many friends here. It was not known that he had been sick.

A daughter, Mrs. Rufus Davis, lives at Valley City.

Co-operative Stores on Route.
Chicago, March 8.—The bankruptcy of the National Consumers' Co-operative association, an organization in which a number of local unions had funds invested, was announced today at a meeting of the Chicago Federation of Labor. The failure was charged to the "apathy and neglect of the organized workers." The association was said to have had four of seventeen stores.

Has Boys Band.
Carrington, N. D., March 8.—Carrington has a boys' band of nearly 40 members. J. V. Avery is the director.

Reopen Sharon Schools.
Sharon, N. D., March 8.—The Sharon city schools, closed since Feb. 23 because of a smallpox quarantine which was lifted last week, reopened today.

From N. D. Club.
Devils Lake, N. D., March 8.—The North Dakota Lake Region Pk. Association is the name of an organization formed at Long Beach, Cal. by former residents of Devils Lake and vicinity.

Will Arraign Suspect.
Minot, N. D., March 8.—Sheriff A. P. Sefteld has returned from Spokane with Harry Dorfman who is charged with stealing horses. Dorfman worked on the Martin Jacobson ranch and is charged with stealing a team from the Jorgensen Olsen ranch. He claims the horses belong to him. He will be arraigned this week.

Obert A. Olson, former state treasurer, returned today from a trip to Dickinson, where he attended an insurance meeting, a big Elk celebration. The B. P. O. E. initiated 112 members.

Today's Beauty Talk

You can enjoy a delightful shampoo with very little effort and for a very trifling cost, if you get from your druggist a package of canthrox and dissolve a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water. This makes a full cup of shampoo liquid—enough so it is easy to apply it to all the hair instead of just the top of the head. Your shampoo is now ready. Just pour a little at a time on the scalp and hair until both are entirely covered by the daintily perfumed preparation that thoroughly dissolves and removes every bit of dandruff, excess of oil and dirt. After rinsing, the hair dries quickly with a softness that makes it seem heavier than it is, and takes on a rich luster and a softness that makes arranging it a pleasure.

HOME-COOKED POTATO CHIPS ARE GREATLY RELISHED AT ANY MEAL



Wire Basket of Some Kind is Essential for Frying Potato Chips.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Everybody likes good potato chips. Their salty crispness makes them an enjoyable addition to the luncheon or dinner menu and provides a variation in the customary methods of serving potatoes at home. Their food value is high and they offer a valuable part of last year's large potato crop.

Not all potatoes make good chips, say food specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the excellence of the finished product depends on the materials used and the care exercised in their preparation. New potatoes in the spring or early summer do not make good chips. They should not be used before the skin sets. A waxy or soggy potato is not good chip material. Select a variety that becomes mealy when baked or boiled.

Round Potatoes Are Best.

Although the size and shape of the potato do not affect its cooking quality, they do influence the quantity and appearance of the chips. Round potatoes are better than long ones, as there is less waste in peeling, especially if a vegetable peeler is used. Deep eyes are objectionable because of the difficulty of paring and the waste involved, and because they make ragged-looking slices.

The equipment necessary is simple and inexpensive. Some form of a vegetable slicer is essential, as it is impossible to slice the peeled potatoes thin and even enough by hand. The slices should be one-sixteenth inch thick and should be even, if they are to cook uniformly. The best vessel in which to fry the chips is one that is deep rather than wide, with a perforated basket in which the chips can be lowered and raised.

Potato chips may be fried in a variety of fats, but for a number of reasons the vegetable fats are preferable to the animal fats. Whatever

fat may be selected, it must be in good condition, i. e., light-colored, and free from all objectionable odors and flavors.

Peel larger, smooth Irish potatoes, removing the eyes and diseased spots. Slice as described above. Soak slices in cold water for at least an hour, changing the water frequently until it is entirely free from starch. When running water is available, dipping cold water run over the chips for an hour is preferable to soaking in standing water. Heat a high-grade vegetable cooking oil to a little below smoking point (210 degrees C. or 410 degrees F., if you have a thermometer).

Slices Should Be Dried.

The kettle should not be much more than half full of oil, otherwise the water on the potatoes will splutter and boil over when dropped into the hot fat. The moisture on the slices must be evaporated before the potatoes can brown. It also lowers very appreciably the temperature of the fat. Therefore shake the soaked slices as dry as possible. When making chips in small quantities, it is possible to partially dry the slices between towels before placing them in the basket and lowering into the oil. Do not cook too many at a time, or they will curl into little balls. Stir constantly. They will cook quickly, the time required varying with the size of the kettle and the quantity of the oil and potatoes used. Three to five minutes is a good average.

When the chips are light golden brown, raise the basket, drain off the surplus oil and empty them on clean brown paper. Sprinkle lightly with salt if fresh sweet oil is used and cure is taken to store the chips in a cool, dry, clean place, they should keep without spoiling for several weeks. Place them in the oven for a few minutes before serving to make them crisp.

WAYS FOR UTILIZING LEFT-OVER CEREALS

Housekeeper Can Make Good Use of All Remnants.

Splendid for Making Scalloped Dishes, Souffles and Omelets, in Making Muffins and in Various Other Ways.

What can be done with the cupful of cooked cereal left from breakfast? The economical housekeeper likes to throw it out, but how can she use it so that her family will like its second appearance at the family board? The following solutions of the problem are offered by the home economists, specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Remnants of cereal breakfast foods may often be utilized in making scalloped dishes, souffles, and omelets. In thickening soups or gravies, in making muffins and griddle cakes, and in many other ways. Also they can sometimes be reheated or flavored and added to a new supply. The practice of frying the left-overs of hot cereal in oil or of cornmeal mush is as old as the settlement of this country, and the nursery song about the "baking of the queen old maid" from King Arthur's barley meal shows us that for centuries other cereal puddings have been treated in the same way. In so-called "oatmeal oysters" small portions of the left-over cereal are dipped in eggs and crumbs and fried. The use of left-over rice and other cereals in croquettes, puddings, etc., is well known.

Cold cooked farina or similar cereal may be utilized in the following way:

Farina Pudding.

1 cupful cold, cooked ½ cupful seeded raisins.
1 tablespoonful corn- ¼ teaspoonful cinnamon.
1 egg. A speck of ground cloves.
1 cupful milk. A little salt if desired.
1-2 cupful sugar.

Bake in a medium oven until brown or heat on top of the stove. Dried figs or dates or stewed fruit may be substituted for the raisins.

Boiled rice and pearl barley are often used in soup, and there is no reason why small quantities of coarse samp or any other cereal which will keep its shape fairly well should not be used up in the same way. Similarly, remnants of macaroni broken

into small pieces may be used in the place of vermicelli or other special soup pastes. Such practices serve

the double purpose of saving material that would otherwise be wasted and of giving a little variety to a simple diet by "expensive means."

Oatmeal cookies, a toothsome and wholesome sweet for the school lunch, may be made of one egg, one-half cupful granulated sugar, one cupful rolled oats, two tablespoonfuls melted fat, one tablespoonful salt. Beat the egg and sugar gradually, and stir in other ingredients. Drop a spoonful at a time on a well-greased tin and bake in a moderate oven.

SPLENDID DISH FOR SUPPER

Combination of Eggs and Cheese is Recommended by Department of Agriculture.

The combination of eggs and cheese makes a hearty dish suitable for supper, dinner or lunch. The following recipe is recommended by the experimental kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture.

4 eggs stale bread crumbs
1 egg or 4 ounces. A teaspoon salt.
1 cup cheese. A few grains of
1 cup oil. fine, soft Cayenne pepper

Break the eggs into a buttered baking dish or into ramekins and cook in a hot oven until they begin to turn white around the edges. Cover with the mixture of crumbs, cheese and seasonings. Brown in a very hot oven. In preparing this dish it is essential that the oven be very hot or the egg will be too much cooked by the time the cheese is brown. To avoid this, some cooks cover the eggs with white sauce before adding crumbs.

The food value of the dish is very close to that of a pound of beef of average composition. For those who are particularly fond of cheese, the amount of cheese in this recipe may be very much increased, thus making a much more nourishing dish; or the amount may be reduced so as to give hardly more than a suggestion of the flavor of cheese.

PURITY DAIRY SELECTS HEAD

The annual meeting of the Purity Dairy company, Mandan, was held yesterday afternoon. Business for the year was completed excellent. The officers elected for the ensuing year are: A. B. Schulte, Mandan, president; L. H. Hack, Mandan, secretary; F. S. Hudson, Mandan, director; K. W. Fingerhut, Mandan, director.

Webb Brothers

"The Home of New Styles"

New Wash Fabrics



Our Wash Goods section is rich in new, sheer wash fabrics for early summer clothes. We are anxious to have you see them, knowing that you would rather make your selections while the merchandise is fresh and there is a splendid variety of patterns to meet individual preferences.

Printed Voiles

You are sure to like the lovely patterns, for the designs are all original. As for colors, shades and artistic combinations, there are so many, all so pretty, that you must see the lot and choose the very nicest yourself.

The Prices Range from 48c to \$1.50

32 Inch Silk Tissues

There is an air of freshness, a suggestion of youth about a dress of dainty silk tissue that is charming. This economical wash fabric is shown in exclusive and original designs. Most delightful for afternoon frocks.

Priced at per yard 98c

32 Inch Zephyrs

Not for several seasons have we been able to offer Zephyrs of the superior quality of our new spring assortment. The designs are exclusive—in new plaids and checks that are delightful for house, afternoon and street dresses.

Priced at per yard 35c and 48c

27 Inch Gingham

It would be difficult to find an assortment of gingham more attractive in patterns than those included in our present showing. The colors are fast. They are most unusual values at

25c per yard

Printed Flaxons

It is a pleasure indeed to offer these printed flaxons to our patrons for they possess the finish and quality that makes them most desirable for summer dresses for both young or old. The patterns for spring have a distinction of their very own.

Most moderately priced at per yard 48c

Domestics and Imported Organdies

It is easy to imagine what charming frocks can be made of these sheer crisp Organdies. Never have we had such a pleasing variety of fine qualities and colors. These are superior quality fabrics possessing that permanent finish so characteristic of the best.

Priced at from 75c to \$1.65

ELTINGE

Home of
Paramount
Pictures

Last Time Tonight

Ethel Clayton

"The City Sparrow"

Tomorrow

"HEARTS ARE TRUMPS"

Friday

SUPER SPECIAL

"BEHOLD MY WIFE"

BISMARCK THEATRE

The Season's Best
Comedy

DORIS MAY

and
DOUGLAS MacLEAN

"The Rookies Return"

Thursday Only
ANITA STEWART

Friday
WM. FARNUM

THRILL AFTER THRILL!

Not only the thrill of sheer physical excitement, but the thrill of a great story, produced with a realism that grips. You'll never forget Blizzard, the satanic cripple who hated humanity with the frenzy of a disordered brain. Come early and make sure of a seat!

Samuel Goldwyn and Rex Beach Present

Gouverneur Morris

Famous Story

"The Penalty"

A great story, a remarkable leading character, masterly direction, flawless photography, perfect acting. If these things make a great picture, then "The Penalty" will rank in photoplay history among the chosen few.

LAST TIME TO-NIGHT!

ORPHEUM THEATRE

Two Shows 7:15 and 9:15

No Advance in Prices

as yesterday's finish to 1 3-4 cents lower.

WHEAT PRICES "MARKING TIME"

Chicago, Mar. 8.—Wheat trades showed a disposition to mark time today pending issuance of the government report this afternoon on farm reserves. Opening prices which varied from unchanged figures to one cent lower were followed by rallies to above yesterday's finish and then something of a reaction. The close was unsettled at the same

His Conscience Troubled Him

"I know I have done wrong, please forgive me for not doing my duty and writing you before. I am thankful to God for the good comedy He gave you, and would not take \$500 for the good the first dose gave me. I have been bothered for many years with gas in my stomach and indigestion, but since taking Mayr's Wonderful Remedy two years ago, have had no such trouble. It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded."

Chicago, Mar. 8.—Soccer authorities figure it will cost \$20,000 to bring over the Scottish professional soccer players to tour Canada and the United States.

CAPITOL CAR TAKES A REST

The capital street car bore the burden of great crowds during the legislative session and, the session over, apparently decided to take a rest. The car is out of commission for a couple of weeks, not because of a breakdown of the car, however, but because of a broken fan-belt in the power house that supplies it with electricity.

TRIP TO COST \$20,000.

Chicago, Mar. 8.—Soccer authorities figure it will cost \$20,000 to bring over the Scottish professional soccer players to tour Canada and the United States.

RIGHT LEG UNLUCKY.

Bowling Green, Ky., Mar. 8.—James Miller's right leg was broken when he was struck by an L. & N. train. It was the third time that leg had been fractured.

GOES TO CALIFORNIA.

Carl Bauer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Bauer of Mandan, who has been attending Rush medical college, is going to the Los Angeles county hospital, Los Angeles, Calif.

BOOST MO. SLOPE FAIR

With the increased state aid given the Missouri Slope Fair association by the legislature this year, plans are being made for a bigger, and greater fair than ever. The directors are considering the advancement of the date of holding the fair to the latter part of August. There is considerable sentiment in increasing the time from three to four days.

INGROWN NAIL

Toe Nail Turns Out Itself if You
Toughen Skin

A noted authority says that a few drops of "Outgro" upon the skin surrounding the ingrowing nail reduces inflammation and pain and so toughens the tender, sensitive skin underneath the toe nail, that it can not penetrate the flesh, and the nail turns naturally outward almost over night. "Outgro" is a harmless, antiseptic manufactured for chiropodists. However, anyone can buy from the drug store a tiny bottle containing directions.

GOOD HIGHWAYS BODY IS PROUD OF ITS LEADERS

Strong Men Back Body Seeking
Better Highways in the
State

PLAN LOCAL CAMPAIGN

The North Dakota State Good Roads Association is particularly proud of its officers and directors, in that they are all well known men of the state, men who are known to have the best interests of the state at heart, and who are good road enthusiasts in every way. They are men who wish to place the highways of the state under a proper business basis, and not have our highways continue to be a foot-hill of selfish officers who built roads by guess.

The following are the officers and directors of the North Dakota State Good Roads Association:

Officers.

President—J. J. Moa, prominent business man of Valley City, and secretary of the Valley City Commercial Club and Town Criers Club.
First vice president—J. Ross, treasurer of Roosevelt Highway Association and banker of Stanley.
Treasurer—J. L. Bell, vice president of the First National Bank of Bismarck.
Secretary—Will E. Holbein, for five years secretary of the Minot Association of Commerce.

Directors.

E. R. Montgomery, secretary of the State Fair Association of Grand Forks.
J. P. Lamb, capitalist and business man of Michigan City.
L. L. Russell, president last year of the County Commissioners Association, New Rockford.
A. T. Krabel, former lieutenant governor of North Dakota and prominent business man of Clifford.
James Casey, prominent farmer of Lisbon.
L. L. Wolter, prominent garage man of Jamestown.
Phil Meyers, president of Bismarck Town Criers Club, and prominent business man of Bismarck.
Harrison Garfield, prominent farmer and business man of St. Thomas.
H. E. Barron, president of Second National Bank of Minot.
George Slagter, prominent citizen and county commissioner of Bottineau county for years. Lanford.
F. W. Turner, president of National Parks Highway Assn., Dickinson.
A. A. Bradley, president of Williston Commercial Club, and director of the N. D. Division of the Roosevelt Highway Association, Williston.
F. W. Mees, state senator, and prominent citizen and business man of Morton county, Mandan.
Ira T. Hall, banker, and director of the Yellowstone Trail Association, Hettinger.
W. N. Wimmer, prominent rancher and business man of Halliday.

The above named men represent all political parties and all religious creeds, and are determined that the good roads movement in North Dakota will be taken out of politics, and that the people of the state will have full justice in the matter of building a system of trunk highways throughout the state.

The office of the North Dakota State Good Roads Association is located in the Little Block, Bismarck, where any citizen of the city of Bismarck can find out for himself just what the organization hopes to do.

A membership campaign will be inaugurated in this city next week Monday, with County Chairman Loubek in charge of the drive. Committees have been appointed for each ward in the city, and a thorough canvass will be made for memberships. Every auto owner in the city should become a member of the only organization in the state that stands for "One Dollar's Worth of Roads for Every Dollar Expended."

"Twas good joke, but—
Bellairs, Ohio, Mar. 3.—Bellairs new traffic laws were given a tryout when a man who had been locked in city prison by a friend, as a joke, was arrested and fined for leaving his auto parked too long in front of the city prison.

THAT SUDDEN Sharp Pain

which you experience at times can be removed. No woman has the right to suffer when she can obtain relief safely, certainly and promptly. Suppose you do have headaches, backaches, extreme nervousness, low spirits and general good-for-nothing feelings at times? Your case is not hopeless. These symptoms are evidence that the delicate organism of the feminine body has become out of order and needs the help Nature's remedies can bestow. Try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription which the druggists of this country have been selling in liquid form for the past 50 years. It can now be had in tablets also. Ingredients on label. Send ten cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package of tablets.

TRIAL TO BARE CAUSE OF HAMON KILLING

Jake Hamon and Picture Story of His Life

LIVED IN A TENT
MEET CLARA SMITH
OIL BROUGHT FORTUNE

From shack to palace to violent death was the life trail of Jake Hamon. He lived in a tent when he started to homestead a claim in Oklahoma. Then he and his wife moved into the shack shown below his picture. He met Clara Smith, clerk in a Lawton store, and became enamored of her. Oil brought him wealth. His penchant for gambling led him to play for big stakes. After he reached a dominant place in politics he sought to break with Clara Smith Hamon. She shot him.

Then came his railway and town-site scheme.
"A pipe dream" said his friends.
In his boyhood in Kansas Hamon had worked as a circus roustabout. Thinking over this experience gave him a hunch.
He traveled to New York on borrowed money. Entered the Waldorf bar. Ranged himself alongside a prosperous gentleman. Seemingly by accident he knocked over his neighbor's cocktail. Apologies. Exchange of names.
Courts Ringling
"So you are John Ringling the circus man?" exclaimed Hamon. "Well you owe me some money."
"How's that?" asked Ringling, suddenly turning cool.
"I had \$3.85 coming when I quit as a roustabout for your circus, and I never sent in a bill," exclaimed Hamon, laughing.
Another meeting. Hamon interested Ringling in his projects for a railroad from Ardmore to a townsite in the Healdton oil fields. The railroad was built and called Ringling; the townsite was called Ringling; oil gushed and Hamon and Ringling made millions.
In less than 10 years Hamon became one of the six largest independent oil producers in the world; shortly before he died he refused \$250,000,000 for his oil holdings, and they were reported climbing rapidly to the \$500,000,000 mark.
During this time Hamon lived with Clara Smith, whom he married to his nephew, to give her the name of Hamon.
Develops Powers
He worked hard developing remarkable business insight and genius which Clara Hamon claims was but the reflection of her own intuition and sagacity.
He played as furiously as he worked.
High-carding at \$1,000 a card was his favorite indoor sport.
It was midnight in a hotel at Wichita, Kas. Hamon was one of a group of politicians and oil men awaiting the arrival of the Republican presidential nominee.
Someone produced a deck of cards. Hamon began dealing them, one to a

man. High card on each deal won. The opening stake was \$5. It grew to \$1,000. Finally someone suggested they'd better get a little sleep. Hamon was \$7,500 winner. He suggested he'd cut the deck for that amount with anyone. Another millionaire took him up—and won.
"Well, boys, I sure am sleepy," said Jake, yawning, "let's turn in."
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ATTENTION, LADIES

Bismarck and vicinity now have a Registered "Spencer Corsetiere" at your service.
Ask your physician about these health garments, which give you a good figure, correct posture, plus—style, health and happiness.
Your "Spencer Corsetiere" will be at the Grand Pacific Hotel, Room 210, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday of every week. Step in and become acquainted. Demonstrations cheerfully given.
Write or Phone for Appointments.

NOTICE

The regular monthly social of the Epworth League begins at 8 o'clock sharp Tuesday evening, March 8, "Dew Drop Inn." Admission depends on your height.
I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by my family without my consent. Signed Carl Milde.



From shack to palace to violent death was the life trail of Jake Hamon. He lived in a tent when he started to homestead a claim in Oklahoma. Then he and his wife moved into the shack shown below his picture. He met Clara Smith, clerk in a Lawton store, and became enamored of her. Oil brought him wealth. His penchant for gambling led him to play for big stakes. After he reached a dominant place in politics he sought to break with Clara Smith Hamon. She shot him.

Oil Multi-Millionaire Decided to Cast-off Clara Hamon-When High Political Position Beckoned Him

Man Who Had Risen from \$12 a Week Job Was Preparing to Reap Harvest—Got \$12,000 Coffin

(By Newspaper Enterprise)
Ardmore, Okla., March 7.—Why Jake Hamon broke with Clara Hamon—a story of national interest that will be fully revealed at the young woman's trial, starting here March 10, on the charge of murdering the Republican National committeeman and oil multimillionaire.

It will be drawn piecemeal from witnesses for the prosecution in order to prove Clara Hamon guilty of premeditated killing.
In a word it is this: Hamon sought to renew his respectability in keeping with the new political estate in which he found himself as a result of his successes in the last political campaign.

To rehabilitate himself he had determined to forsake Clara Hamon, with whom he had associated openly for 10 years, and to reinstate himself with his two children.

It was with this in view that Hamon had negotiated the separation agreement with the girl who was to kill him in the hour of their parting.

Fears Scandal
Hamon perceived that his private life would become a national scandal unless he got rid of Clara Hamon. Even the fact that she bore the Hamon name—which she acquired by marriage to a nephew of Jake Hamon whom she shortly afterward divorced—would save his face.

So he decided to bring his wife, son of 19, and daughter of 11, back from Chicago to Ardmore.

All arrangements were completed; Mrs. Hamon and the children were preparing to move; Clara Hamon was going to live in California on a settlement—even had her railroad ticket.

Then came the shooting in the hotel suite in Ardmore where they had lived ever since Hamon dominated her as a girl of 17.

Did Clara Hamon shoot him in self-defense on what was to be their last day together, or did she shoot him deliberately rather than give him up to his wife and children? This is the question the trial is to answer.

Hamon's Message
"I was accidentally shot," is the message Hamon sent to the world while he lay dying in Ardmore.

It was the last gallant act of a contradictory character.

Hamon was poverty-stricken when he met Clara Smith, a clerk in a dry goods store. He often said his "luck changed the day he put eyes on her." She became his business adviser; many knew her as his secretary.

Hamon was known as a politician—a shabby politician at that—when he took up with Clara Smith. No one ever suspected he had real business ability.

In territorial days in Oklahoma he had risen to some prominence in Republican circles, then slumped. He became involved in a land deal and was indicted for fraud, but from this he got clear. As late as 1919 he was a ticketless wanderer around the Republican national convention hall.

LUMPS OF INDIGESTION

"Papers Diapepsin" at once
fixes your Sour, Gassy,
Acid Stomach

Indigestion, food lumps of pain, belching, gas, acids and sourness. When your stomach is all upset, here is instant relief—no waiting.
These lumps of acid, flat or two of Papers Diapepsin all the indigestion pain and dyspepsia distress caused by acidity is relieved.
Your disordered stomach will feel fine at once.

These pleasant, harmless tablets of Papers Diapepsin neutralize the harmful acids in the stomach, and give almost instant relief, besides they cost so little at drug stores.

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Says Allies Misunderstand
Dr. Simons in his reply to Mr. Lloyd George, regretted that the German proposals had been misconstrued. "For us, just as for you," he said, "the disadvantage of provisional settlement is beyond doubt, but we have taken refuge under your ultimatum, which forced us to come forward with definite proposals. We should have preferred to put before you a plan of total arrangement, a plan like that with which we originally started."
He explained he had no second proposal in his pocket and had therefore to try to find a new way, both in the delegation and in the Berlin cabinet. He had been charged to ask for a brief delay in order that he might get in touch with the Berlin cabinet, but he added: "We were refused even this short delay."
From this fact, he said, "it already appears that there is no foundation for the fear that we should want to make use of the provisional settlement to reach a revision of the whole treaty after the lapse of those five years."
"On the contrary, the German nation has undertaken its obligations of making reparation, and it is ready to fulfill the whole of this obligation to the limits of possibility. We are ready to enter into the suggestions of the president of this conference to furnish the allies with part of the means which would be required for the purposes of reparation by laying aside part of the purchase prices of German goods delivered into the Allied countries for reparation account.
"We are willing to discuss with Germany the length of the period of annuities," he said. "We are willing to discuss with Germany any other method besides the 12 per cent rate for adjusting the annuity to German prosperity. Dr. Simons is not really in a position to negotiate; he is returning to Berlin to report which is not ready to pay this debt.
"Until we get

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THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER

(Established 1873)

MASQUERADING FURS

One might wonder where the leopards are found for all the leopard skin coats now fashionable.

It might be doubted that there are enough leopards in the world to provide even the leopard skins for stage dancers and actors in the movies. The supply might not equal the demand even if the leopard shed his coat for the furrier, and grew a new one each fall.

The answer? Many skins that pass as leopard are the dyed coats of the lowly, unsung goat!

Bear skin coats also in large numbers originated on the backs of billy-goats.

So, with many other skins and furs. The demand is so great that if all the furs were authentic, the demand could not be filled.

Rabbit masquerades as sable, or ermine, and when sheared and dyed, a seal. The woodchuck becomes mink, sable or martin. What's called beaver or otter often is another form of nutria, the fur of the coypu, a water rat from South America.

Those who fear overpopulation of the world seem not to reckon with the rising tide of automobile deaths.

JULIA MARLOWE, L.L.D.

She is now Julia Marlowe, L.L.D., the honorary degree having been bestowed on her by George Washington University.

This is the first university so to honor an actress. By thus admitting Julia Marlowe into fellowship with scholars, George Washington University places the practice of the stage art among the learned professions.

And why not?

The genuine actor is a professor of life and letters. Other professors specialize. The actor is an authentic interpreter of psychology, philosophy, literature, manners and morals. At times, also, he partakes of the functions of the minister—a veritable doctor of divinity, preaching, without seeming to do so, the everlasting triumph of virtue over vice.

He is something of a doctor of medicine, too, who knows how to heal the weary in mind by lifting it out of its dull environment of reality and into his own sphere of make-believe.

A good doctoring is for the ill of the mind, and his medicine is never bitter.

But the average high school girl would rather step into Mary Pickford's shoes than be "first lady of the land."

GOODBY, HIP POCKET!

The hip pocket is doomed. But it shall not go unsung, unhonored, unwept. For the good old hip pocket was a friend in need, in the days when there were uses for hip pockets.

Laws and other things made the hip pocket a sort of fifth wheel, an unnecessary appendix of later years, particularly so since the drought has penetrated even to the cellar.

There were times when some men could have done without their right eyes and felt the absence less than the disappearance of the hip pocket. It was the handy place for the repose of firearms, and the flask. It was needed in the days of Dead-shot Dick and John Barleycorn.

Now, however, the world can wag along without hip pockets.

So asserts the New York Custom Cutters' Association in an ultimatum eliminating hip pockets from trousers of the 1922 model.

Oh, well, we should worry! Of what good are hip pockets when a fellow has nothing but his fist to put in 'em?

P. S.—Paris has invented a nifty device for pocketless men, a little bag in which one may carry his fob change, a key ring, and the makins.

Champ Clark missed the White House, but he will be remembered long after some who have been president are forgotten.

MARCH, THE MEMORABLE

This month is made memorable in a number of ways. It has been four years since a presidential inauguration, always an event of March 4. And it has been three years since Easter Sunday has occurred in March, this year on March 27.

And, too, the month is always kindly remembered because of the fact that in it falls St. Patrick's Day, the Irish Saint day whose "date" is always March 17.

In March, on March 20, at 10:51 p. m. Eastern

Standard time, comes the vernal equinox, and we have spring. That is an event looked forward to with pleasure ever since the coal pile began to dwindle. That business will "pick up" in the spring is the optimistic forecast.

March is a month of opposites—a lion coming in, a lamb as it departs.

It is a month of mild winds and delightful zephyrs, of new hats for the women, of delving in the earth, of seed planting, and hoping for radish and lettuce crops. It is a month of marbles and meandering for the boys, of hop-scotch and baseball.

It is the month for the return of the migrating birds, and of household renovation and backyards recreation.

FOR POTENTIAL FATHERS

"Be prepared" is the slogan that Miss Alma Biznell would promulgate to potential fathers and mothers. She made known her views at the national convention of the Society for Vocational Education, meeting in Atlantic City.

Miss Biznell is assistant professor of child training at the University of Minnesota, and because of her experience there her opinions appear to be backed by considerable wisdom.

Miss Biznell advocates the institution of a general college course in the universities wherein the duties and responsibilities of parenthood would be considered. There she would have proper training given to the prospective fathers and mothers of the nation. Such courses, Miss Biznell maintained, would result in the prevention of mistakes that annually cost the lives of a great many children.

There is something inherent about a woman that generally instinctively tells her how to care for the baby. There is generally a dear grandma to fall back upon, too.

But who will say that the prospective father doesn't need such a course? Why, he generally gets red in the face if he's asked even to hold the little fellow for a moment. And like as not the new dad will hand little Billy back to mother wrong-end-to.

Surely, Miss Biznell would be doing the coming fathers of the nation a world of good, if she could even get colleges to include in the curriculum a course for potential fathers that would dwell particularly on the art of holding, disrobing and pinning up the new baby.

Mothers would bless her for that, would they not?

As much as a vice president can do, Tom Riley Marshall did.

How does spring call to you—with a hoe, a golf club, or a fishing rod?

All the people can't be fooled all the time with that sugar shortage story.

Day by day the cabinet plums fall—and so far no one has been overcome by surprise.

It isn't every president's father who lives long enough to see his son climb the highest peak.

No doubt it is true that the prevailing short skirt is responsible for the surplus of dress goods.

Dancing masters have decided to watch the "toddler" develop in this country. Develop what?

With Harding, Hughes, Hays, Hoover, "H" plays a well a large role in the coming administration.

EDITORIAL REVIEW

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day.

GO SLOW

While the recall appears to be the only solution of our state financial problems, it would be best to go slow in such matters. We have stood four years of League control and a few more months will not make any difference. The League is responsible for this crisis and we believe the administration is like the Irishman holding a bear—wasn't looking for help to capture the bear, but wanted help in letting go.—Zap Enterprise.

WOODROW WILSON

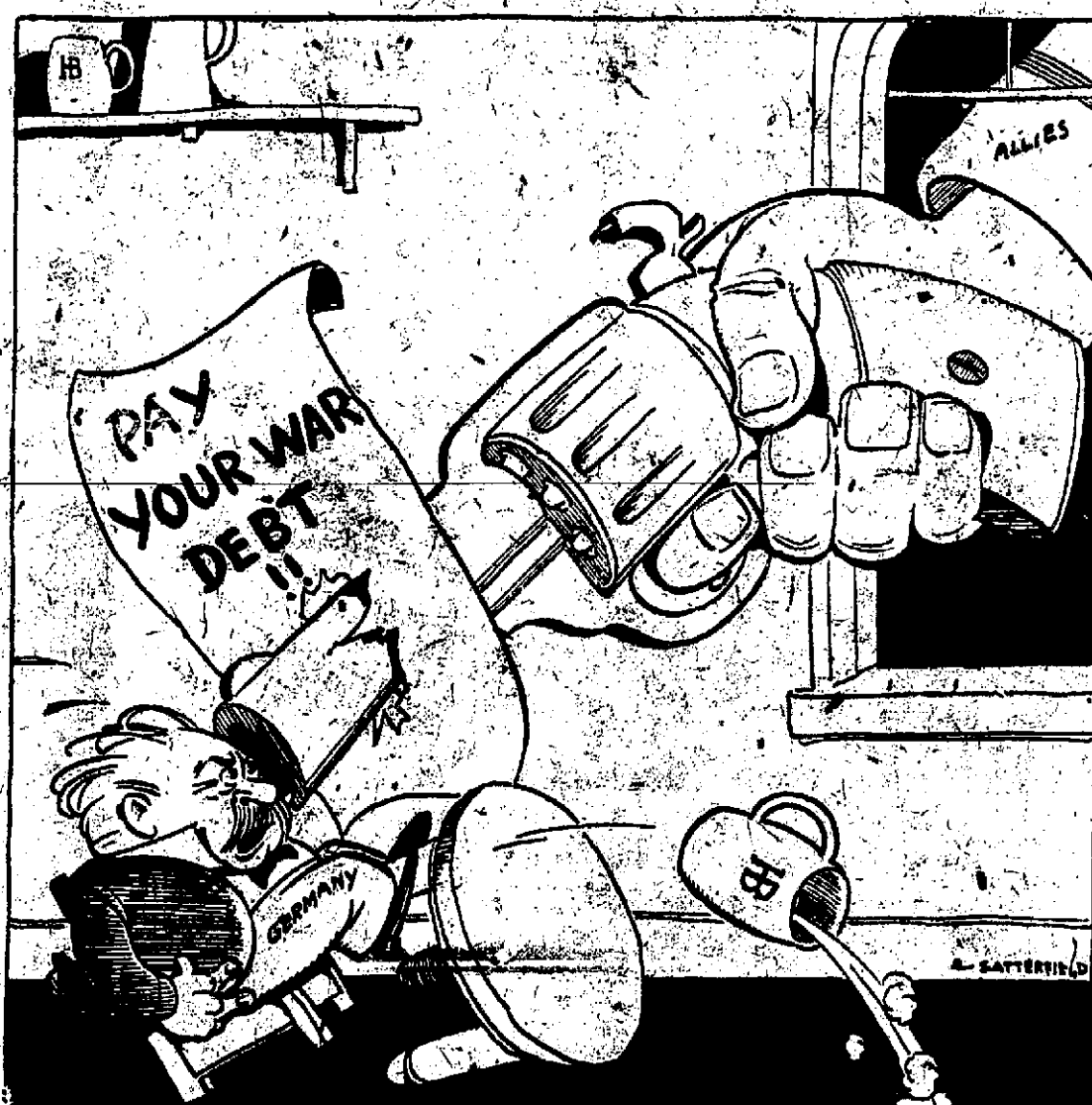
Woodrow Wilson is so preeminently endowed in intellect, is so masterful a leader of men, with a personality and a diction so distinguished and so gracious, that it must be a deep regret to the entire nation that his passing from the great office he has held through eight such eventful years is not in the glory of brilliant triumph.

Broken in health, his vast ambitions shattered and his party fallen away from him, his outgoing compared with the splendor of his figure when all the world bowed before his power and prestige, is tragic.

His achievements, his failures, the inmost aims of his heart, the scope of his humanity—all these are for the scrutiny and analysis of the historian.

On many of his policies and in respect of his autocratic personal attitude and the general inefficiency of his administration. The New York Herald has opposed him, but now on his return to private life it salutes him in all sincerity, and wishes for him a long span of sunshine and happiness. The strife of divergent opinion is over. Let us have peace.—New York Herald.

THE COLLECTOR



With the Movies

A DIFFICULT ROLE.
Lon Chaney, who plays the part of "Blizzard" in the underworld in Gouverneur Morris' new Goldwyn picture, "The Penalty," which comes to the Orpheum theater for two days, commencing tonight, has a most difficult role to perform. "Blizzard" is supposed to be a man whose legs have been cut off at the knees. To do the part Chaney must go with the lower part of his legs strapped back, and must walk on his knees. On account of stopping the circulation, it is impossible for the actor to hold the position for any great length of time, so a dummy is substituted for him during rehearsal and Chaney only comes on while the scene is actually being filmed. Chaney won much praise for his work as the hypocritical lame beggar in "The Miracle Man."

Hailed by the critics and motion picture public as one of the finest productions of the current season, George Melford's "Behold My Wife" is coming to the Orpheum theater for two days commencing Friday next. The story was adapted from Sir Gilbert Parker's novel "The Canadian North-west," "The Transmutation of a Savage."

The central characters are the aristocratic son of an English family and the simple Indian girl whom he encounters in Canada, while he is on business for the Hudson's Bay Company. Recalling words from his fiancée back in England that she has broken with him because of his family's objection to their marriage, the youth, in a fit of rage, marries the Indian girl and sends her back to England as his wife to disgrace his blue-blooded lineage. Then he proceeds to live the bohemian in his own way, however, dramatic events work a transformation in both the young Englishman and his bride and the ending is a happy one. "Behold My Wife" has been filmed against a background of snow-capped mountain peaks, bleak Canadian trading posts, and luxurious English country homes. The action is interpreted by a distinguished cast including Hazel Julianne Scott, Elliott Weston, Milton Sills, and Ann Ruggles. Frank Condon adapted the story to the screen. It is a Paramount picture.

Will Debate

Passenden, N. D., March 8.—The Passenden high school will send its debating team to Valley City for a joint debate Wednesday night. The question will be "Resolved: That it is the duty of the United States to intervene in Russia."

The Valley City team had the choice of sides and decided to uphold the affirmative. Judge M. J. Englert will preside. The following men will act as judges: Prof. Thomas of Jamestown college, Prof. E. A. Ross of the Fargo Agricultural college and Prof. F. Z. Scudder, superintendent of Grand Prairie.

Masonic Meeting.
There will be a joint convocation of Bismarck Chapter No. 10 and Mission Chapter No. 1 of Mandan, at the Masonic temple this evening at 7:30 p. m. There will be work in the Mark Master degree by the Mandan team. Refreshments will be served and a smoker will follow. All members are urged to be present and visiting companions are cordially invited.

COLD'S

'Pape's Cold Compound' is Quickest Relief Known

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffing! A dose of Pape's Cold Compound taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks any cold right up.

The very first dose opens clogged nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nose running; relieves the headache, dizziness, feverishness. "Pape's Cold Compound" costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine—insist upon Pape's!

FORGIVE

By Alfred Arnold

Forgiveness brings ease to the living.
But it cannot do much for the dead.
Now is the time for forgiving,
For charity's words to be said:
Don't wait till the last breath has fled.

Did it hurt you, that act? All are troubled
By ill deeds, or careless. The score
Can't be wiped out by hate. Joy is doubled
When you offer your hand, as before;
For it warms your own heart to the core.

Forgiveness, we all need: Remember
The evil your own hands have done;
And blow on love's fast dying ember.
Your own wrongs are far more than one.
Suppose them dragged out in the sun!

But if in your pride you have hardened,
And deny you've done ought to regret
That offense, it shall never be pardoned
Till the sun of your last day has set!
Be human: Forgive, and forget.

MILLIONS WASTED AS CAMP DODGE ROTS

(By Newspaper Enterprise.)

Des Moines, Ia., Mar. 8.—Camp Dodge, representing an expenditure of millions by the U. S. War Department, is being battered to pieces by the wintry blasts.

The hundreds of huge barracks and thousands of smaller buildings are deserted. The quartermaster warehouses are stored to the brim with rotting supplies and materials of all descriptions. Wagons are standing under open sheds, their wheels rusted.

In the middle of one warehouse is a small mountain of sausage grinders dumped upon the dirt floor.

Army trucks are huddled together

in little groups like cattle in a storm, without even a canvas covering.

Trucks Needed.
These trucks will soon have deteriorated to such an extent as to be worthless except for junk. Iowa farmers would welcome the chance to bid on these idle wagons and trucks.

The federal government will accept a bid of \$34,000 offered by the state of Iowa for about 657 buildings, including 90 of the big barracks, a huge reservoir and a complete waterworks system with pumping stations and mains.

This portion of the camp to be purchased for the Iowa National Guard, is on land owned by the state.

IN THE DAYS OF KINGS

The dandy of the time of Charles II wore expensive plumes in his hat, often set off with gems of extraordinary value.

In this age when kings have been thrown into the discard the Gordon Hat gives the particular man all the distinction any hat can give.

There are some unusually attractive models shown in Gordon Hats this season—you'll like them.

Gordon Hats

The state is buying property valued at \$2,000,000 for \$34,000. Three-fourths of the buildings on this section are to be torn down and the proceeds from the salvage to be used in maintaining permanent state camp in the remaining quarter.

All the other buildings of the camp are doomed by the elements.

Many are already leaning or sagging. There is a fortune in window glass alone in the deserted camp.

Plumbing equipment is going to waste. Scarcely a single barrack or bath house has been stripped.

Electrical fixtures, wiring and poles were left behind.

The wonderful base hospital, built to accommodate thousands of patients, is in a state of decrepitude.

Somewhere in the mazes of barracks is stationed one skeleton squadron of cavalry. A solitary mounted guard makes a lonely patrol around the camp, watching for fire.

BANK CAPITAL IS REDUCED BY ITS DIRECTORS

Capitalization of the American Exchange Bank of Valley City will be reduced from \$250,000 to \$100,000, permission having been granted by the banking board in meeting here. It was stated by C. E. Lothius, state examiner, that the request was made by the directors and he understood all stockholders were protected. The reason assigned was simply that the capitalization was too large for a city the size of Valley City, Mr. Lothius said.

The bank was organized by J. J. Hastings and Thomas Allen Box. The president at this time is H. E. Nelson.

The reopening of the First State Bank of Adrian, closed in the early part of the winter, was announced by the examiner. The capitalization remains the same, \$15,000, he said.

One bank has been closed in the state since last fall and three have reopened, the examiner said.

Asked if banks in the state were complying with his order to build up their reserves, the examiner said that a number of banks had notified him that their reserves now are up to requirements. The examiner was unwilling to say there had been a change in banking conditions generally.

IT WORKED WONDERFULLY

Have you noticed the number of persons coughing this Spring caused by an irritated condition in the chest, bronchitis, tuberculosis? This coughing is banished by a few doses of Foley's Honey and Tar. Mrs. Anna Stein, 418 Western Ave., Covington, Ky., writes: "Your cough medicine worked wonderfully on our little son. He is subject to bronchitis. The first doses helped him." Good for all sorts of coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and grip coughs.

GO NO FARTHER

The Evidence is at Your Door

Bismarck proof is what you want and the statement of this highly respected resident will banish all doubt: J. L. Hubert, retired deputy sheriff, 122 First street, Bismarck, says: "I don't know of any remedy I can recommend more highly than Doan's Kidney Pills. I used them about five years ago when suffering from an attack of kidney complaint. Lumbago was the worst symptom of my complaint. There were times when I had to lay off from work for several days. My back was so painful. The kidney secretions contained sediment and burned in passage. I went to Lenhart's Drug store and got three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills and they were not long in showing beneficial effects upon my system. The three boxes cured me."

Price, 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hubert had. Foster-McIlburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

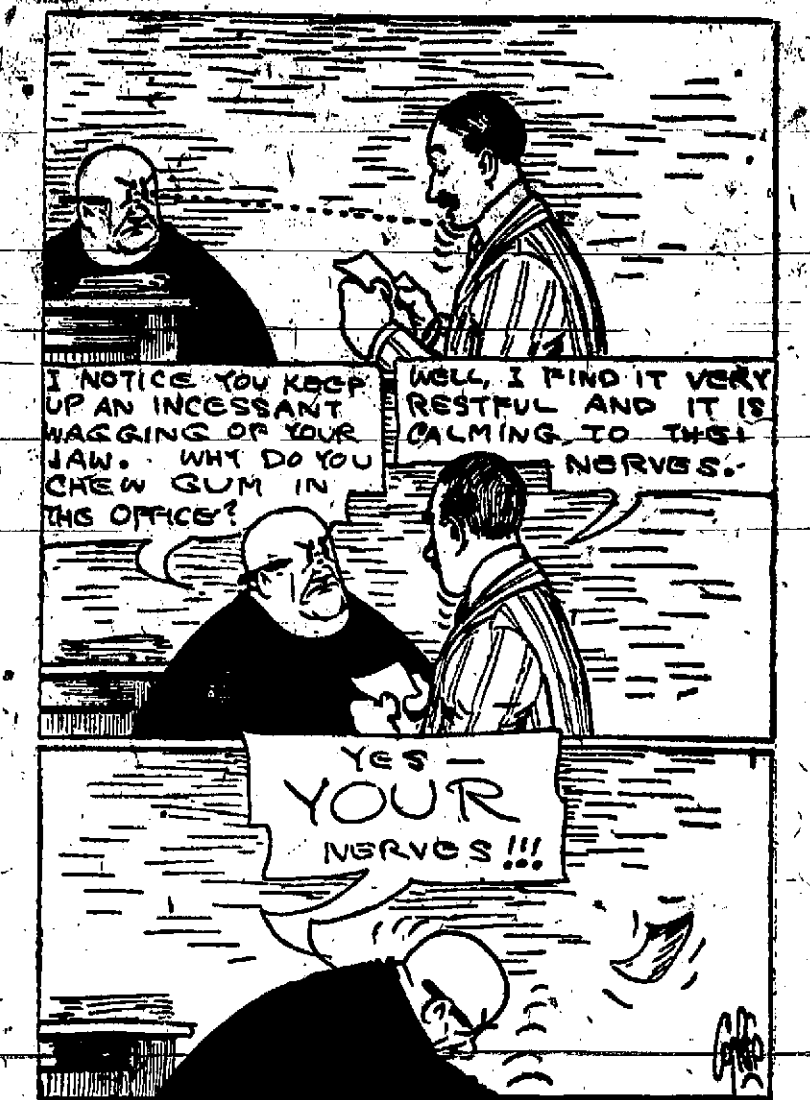
BANK "JOBS" LEAD TO BIG THINGS

An astonishing number of stenographers and bookkeepers rise to high executive positions in banks, it is found. The Dakota Business College, Fargo, N. D., a leading commercial school, reports that 218 former pupils have become bank executives in North Dakota alone. The president, two directors and assistant cashier of one Fargo bank were trained there. So was J. L. Greil, newly appointed cashier of the Merchants Bank of Napoleon, N. D.

"Follow the Successful." Write F. L. Watkins, Pres., 806 Front St., Fargo, N. D., for information about Spring term.

EVERETT TRUE

BY CONDO



YES—YOUR NERVES!!!

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—MALE
LEARN BARBER TRADE—At the Barber College, Oldham, Indiana. Good training, good pay, good living. Write to Barber College, Oldham, Ind. or to Mr. J. H. Barber, 107 E. Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—First class automobile mechanic, Corwin, Motor Co., Bismarck, N. D.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE
WANTED—A saleslady with experience in selling ladies ready-to-wear one speaking German preferred. Address A. N. McCroix, Jamestown, N. D. Reference.

CHAMBERLAIN WANTED at once, middle aged lady preferred. Call or write Hotel Garrison, Garrison, N. D.

WANTED—OH for general housework, 803 Ave. B.

POSITION WANTED
POSITION WANTED—Man with several years experience in bookkeeping and stenography, able to fill position. Can start immediately. References furnished if required. Write 206 Tribune.

ROOMS FOR RENT
FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms; can be double; no children in home; rates reasonable. Inquire at 414 7th street.

FOR RENT—Furnished room in modern house, close in; rent reasonable. 201 1st street. Phone 624K.

FOR RENT—Furnished and unfurnished, light, housekeeping rooms. Business College. Phone 123.

ROOMS FOR RENT—2 rooms furnished for light housekeeping, 313 4th street. Phone 627.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT in modern house, suitable for two. 722 5th St. Phone 486-X.

FOR RENT—Two rooms, close in, in modern house, 416 7th street. Phone 336-R.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, in modern home, 320 Mandan avenue. Phone 262-L.

ROOMS WITH BOARD—At Dunraven, one room suitable for two gentlemen. Phone 337-K.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished room suitable for two. 584K 902 8th street.

FOR RENT—Two pleasant furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Phone 442-L.

FOR RENT—Modern room, gentleman preferred. 300 9th street. Phone 377-K.

FOR RENT—Furnished room in modern house, Phone 752, 607 6th St.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping, 408 12th street.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished room, 515 24 street. Phone 774.

FOR RENT—One furnished room, 409 8th street. Phone 512-X.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 722 5th street. Phone 442.

MODERN FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT, 802 Ave. B.

WANTED—Two furnished rooms, Call 333, after 7 P. M.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished room, 623 9th street.

FOR RENT—Rooms, 228 Fourth st.

MISCELLANEOUS
FOR SALE—One oak office table with glass top, one Burroughs Adding Machine, good cash register, No. 11 Remington typewriter, with decimal tabulator, 12 inch carriage; one six-foot Globe Fire Proof safe, one filing file; will sell all or part of the above at one half price. Call 809 or 708 and ask for Mr. Barton.

Anyone knowing the whereabouts of one Frank Till, formerly of Akron, Ohio, at present reported working on a farm in the vicinity of Bismarck, please notify C. W. Washburn, care Soo Line, Bismarck, N. D.

FOR SALE—Four or five two year old heifers ready to freshen in the near future. Price \$50 on up. Guaranteed gentle and easy to handle. Call L. J. Garske on farm 100 rods west of State Capitol Building.

HAVE \$5,000 IN VILLAGE WAR- rants for sale at 10 percent discount. Will secure guarantees that they will be taken up within a year. Will sell all or part. J. B. Field, Zap. N. D.

FOR SALE—Fruit jars 50c per doz., oak buffet, library table, kitchen cabinet, large Columbia Graphophone, cook stove, oil stove, 600 beds and 4x6 chicken coop. 501 7th St.

FOR SALE—Lots 5 and 6, Block 2, Bismarck addition, in Bismarck. Easy access. Write A. McPain, Box 715, Valley City, N. D.

FIRST CLASS WORK—Cleaning, pressing, repairing, dyeing, ladies and men's clothing. Eagle Tailoring & Hat Works, phone 58, opposite Postoffice.

FOR SALE—White enameled barber fixtures for a two-chair shop; good condition. Including everything needed except supplies. Price \$300; write to C. Hines, Ashley, N. D.

FOR SALE—A No. 1 hay two miles south of Bismarck. \$10 per ton. Only four stacks left. Liberal discount if all taken at one time. Phone 746. C. W. McGraw.

PRE WAR PRICES on cleaning, re-blocking and remodeling men's hats. Eagle Tailoring & Hat Works, Phone 58, opposite Postoffice.

FOR SALE—Potatoes at 75 cents a bushel. No less or no more than 5 bushels to each person. Matt Andahl. Phone 410-F5.

FOR SALE—Oliver plow, 3 bottom engine pump. Phone 433-L. J. B. Dowds, 212 8th Street So. Bismarck, N. D.

EXPERT dry cleaning, hand pressing, retelling, remodeling and tailoring. Klein, tailor and cleaner.

FOR SALE—Team, wagon and harness will trade for Ford

FOR SALE—Pure bred Barred Plymouth Rocks, cockerels. See Faunce, 882 1st St.

BARGAINS—New and slightly worn suits, overcoats and trousers. Klein, tailor and cleaner.

FOR SALE—A Murray electric stove with oven, first class shape. Price \$60.00. Phone 438.

FOR SALE—Mahogany upright piano in good condition. Very reasonable. Phone 350-M.

DRESSMAKING—622 3rd street, Phone 132-R.

SITUATIONS WANTED
SITUATION WANTED
Man and wife wishes farm work, colored, please state salary paid. Willing to come last of April. Mr. Robert Foley, 4217 St. Lawrence Ave., Chicago, Ill.

WORK WANTED
WORK WANTED—Carpet beating, window cleaning, house repairing or any odd jobs. Phone 833-L. J. E. Davis, 514 8th street So. Bismarck, N. D.

WANTED—A place to work for room and board. Write 205 Tribune.

WANTED TO RENT—Modern rooming house, by experienced party, furnished or unfurnished. Address 223, Kluge, N. D.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS
GEOLOGICAL SPECIAL NUMBER 301, containing 1921 facts of climate and in Marietta County, Wisconsin. If for a home or as an investment you are thinking of buying good farm land where farmers grow rich, send at once for this special number of Landology. It is a valuable guide. Address: Standard-Richter Land Co., 845 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ROOMS AND FLATS
FOR SALE BY OWNER—House of four rooms, with garage, on pavement, to quick sale \$1,500. Phone 713-X, or call at 517 9th street.

FOR SALE BY OWNER—Modern 4 room house, full basement, garage. Terms, 10 E. Main. Telephone 414-K.

FOR RENT—Strictly modern apart- ment in the Rose Apartments 215 3rd street. F. W. Murphy. Phone 582.

FARM BARGAIN IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY. I will sell my 247 acre well improved farm at a sacrifice. Has a ten-room house, large barn, silo and other buildings. Good soil, good water, 55 acres seeded into rice. Possession can be had at once. Price \$25.50 an acre. Will take bonds and bank certificates of deposits the same as cash. If you are looking for a good well improved farm take first train and look this place over. Theo. Minson, owner, Brakke, Polk Co., Minn.

WILL SELL OR TRADE by equity in half section good land, three miles from Fargo, Bismarck county, for \$1,500.00. Will consider good light automobile. A. F. Fir, Tattle, N. Dak.

WANTED—To hear from owner of good farm for sale. \$150 cash price, full description. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn.

AUTOMOBILES—MOTORCYCLES
FOR SALE—Willis Six touring car, good condition. Will take bank check. Address Box 364, Bismarck, N. D.

FOR SALE—Good Ford for sale or trade for young stock. H. W. Crawford. Phone 412-L.

Working at Pearl.
There are two kinds of shells used in the manufacture of small articles, the porcelainous and the nacreous. The former are extremely hard and can be worked only with the apparatus used by the lapidary. The latter are more generally used and may be sawed, filed and turned with some facility. The pieces should be roughed out on a common grindstone. After turning they should be smoothed with pumice, stone and water, and polished with rotten stone with sulphuric acid slightly diluted.

"Macaroni Verbs."
This is a kind of humorous verse in which, with Latin as a base, words of other languages are introduced, using Latin inflections and constructions. The term was selected since it implies a mixture of languages—comparable with the mixture of ingredients found in a dish of macaroni. The name is sometimes applied to verses which are merely a mixture of Latin and the unadorned vernacular of the writer. This type of verse has long been known in Italy.

Starting Slips.
More house plants are grown from slips than from seeds. To do this take a branch half ripe and cut a slit three inches long. Take off all the leaves except the upper two and root it well in wet sand several inches thick, putting one and one-half inches of the slip under the sand. Keep this thoroughly moist. When the roots begin to grow put your plant, with its sand, into a pot provided with other soil. Some slips, such as peanor and ivy, will root in water.

Illumination of Manuscripts.
The art of painting manuscripts with miniatures and ornaments is an art of the most remote antiquity. The Egyptian papyrus containing portions of the Ritual or "Book of the Dead," are ornamented with drawings and colored pictures. The Persians, Hindus and Chinese have illuminated manuscripts with great beauty, none of which compete with those of the western nations in antiquity.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

Two and Three Are Five.

BY ALLMAN



THE FARMERS STATE BANK.

at Bismarck, N. D., February 21st, 1921.

RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts, \$15,500.47
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured, 71.92
Accounts, stocks, tax certificates, 3,001.00
Claims, etc., 3,001.00
Banks, houses, furniture and fixtures, 2,000.00
Time certificates of deposit, 1,000.00
Checks and other cash, 219.21
Cash, 930.30
Total, \$21,622.60

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in, \$10,000.00
Surplus fund, 2,750.00
Undivided profits—less expenses and taxes paid, 211.81
Individual deposits subject to check, \$18,528.99
Overdrafts and deposits, 80.79
Time certificates of deposit, 28,347.17
Cashier's checks outstanding, \$10.18
Notes and bills received, 3,505.20
Bills payable, 2,000.00
Total, \$44,144.98

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA.
County of Burleigh—ss.
I, H. P. GODDARD, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. P. GODDARD, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of February, 1921.
BENJ. F. LAWYER, Notary Public.
My commission expires Feb. 20th, 1924.

DECISIONS OF SUPREME COURT.
From Statebank County.
Margaret Krapp, Plaintiff and Respondent.

Paul Krapp, executor of the last will and estate of Johan Krapp, deceased, Defendant and Appellant.

Syllabus: In an action by a plaintiff against her deceased father-in-law's estate to recover for board and lodging furnished to deceased, it is held:

(1) In the absence of circumstances showing extraordinary services to the deceased, the presumption of gratuity arising from the relation-

ship of the parties negatives liability upon an implied contract.

(2) Where the evidence tends to establish that the plaintiff's husband is not co-owner with his wife of a claim against his father's estate for board and lodging supplied, and where he is not a party to the action, he is a competent witness to a transaction between his wife and the deceased.

Appeal from the district court of Statebank county, J. A. Coffey, J. Reversed and remanded.

Opinion of the court by Birtzell, J. Robinson, Ch. J. concurs in part and dissents in part. Grace, J. dissents.

From Pierce County.
Pierce County, North Dakota, a municipal corporation, Plaintiff-Appellant.

City of Rugby, Pierce County, N. D., a municipal corporation, Defendant.

Syllabus: 1. Section 2508, C. L. 1913 has no application to the payment by a county of allowances for mothers' pensions; (2) 185 Laws of 1915 and a city is not liable for 25 percent of such allowances paid by the county.

Action in district court, Pierce county, Burr, J., to recover proportionate amounts paid for Mothers' Pensions by the county.

Affirmed.

Opinion of the court by Robinson, Ch. J. and Christensen, Ch. J. concurs specially. Grace, J. concurs specially.

Harold B. Nelson, Rugby, N. Dak., attorney for appellant.

L. R. Nostdal, Rugby, N. Dak., attorney for respondent.

From Cass County.
Fargo Mercantile Company, a corporation, Plaintiff-Respondent.

vs.
Martin E. Johnson et al. Defendants-Appellants.

Syllabus: 1. A loose ledger account for merchandise sold, made under a double entry system from original memorandum of orders tak-

en, is admissible in evidence, pursuant to Sec. 7909 C. L. 1913.

2. In an action on a contract of guaranty, such ledger account is admissible against the guarantors as a part of the res geste.

Action in district court, Cass county, Englebert, J. on a contract of guaranty. From a judgment in favor of the plaintiff the defendants have appealed.

Affirmed.

Opinion of the court by Bronson, J. Robinson, Ch. J. and Grace, J. dissent.

Bankard, Divet, Holt & Frame, attorneys for Respondent.

Lyman Miller, attorney for Appellants.

Wild Geese in the British Isles.
The tribe of wild geese of Europe are birds of mystery. Their nesting grounds, and thus their true homes, are in the far north, in the wilds of Spitzbergen, and on the inaccessible island of Kolguev. It is only as visitors that they come to the British Islands, for in the regions that approach the pole winter comes early, and thus all bird life is driven southward, flying at incredible speed on the arms of the north wind as they make for their winter quarters in more hospitable lands.

Capri.
I wish you could have walked down to the Piccola Marina with me yesterday. It is down one of those wonderful roads hewn out of the side of the cliff, which one grows used to here, and I came back up the old steps. Such views! The sea in afternoon light, the Faraglioni rocks below, so often painted and photographed, the splendid cliffs of Capri to right and left!

—James M. Taylor (Litt.)

The coral roads of Bermuda are among the finest in the world.

Scientists say cloud formations are due to the presence of dust in the air.

SIMPLE RECIPES FOR CORN MEAL

Among Most Economical of Food Materials in Different Sections of Country.

AFFORDS PALATABLE DISHES

North and South Differ Considerably in Preference for Grain—Particular Attention Should Be Given to Storage.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

At ordinary prices corn meal is among the more economical food materials. Many palatable dishes may be made simply of corn meal, salt and water, or the meal may be combined with various other materials.

Recipes for the use of corn meal that will be useful everywhere are not easy to make, for the meal used in various parts of the country differs considerably. In general the granular, which is used more commonly in the North, requires more water and longer cooking than the water ground, which is used more generally in the South. This extra cooking is needed to soften the meal and remove the granular quality from which it gets its name, and must often be given to the meal before it is used in making bread and some other dishes.

Two Kinds of Meal.

There are two general kinds of corn meal, the granular, or "new process," and the so-called "water ground," or "old process." The granular is more used in the North, the water ground in the South, though the latter is also well known in many parts of the North. The granular meal is milled from kiln-dried degermed corn between rollers which may become quite hot during the process, and is bolted. It feels dry when rubbed between the fingers. It is convenient for use, for it keeps well and is suitable for making corn breads which contain baking

shown that these simple breads, which are tender and light, though solid in appearance, can be satisfactorily made out of finely ground meal, if a little baking powder is added. In the cornmeal breads of the second class, which are made light by the carbon dioxide given off by baking powder, or through the action of sour milk on soda, the gluten deficiency of the corn is made up for by the use of eggs, which hold the air bubbles which make it light. In breads of the third class, those raised by the carbon dioxide given off by the yeast, the gluten deficiency in the corn is supplied by the addition of some other flour, usually wheat or rye. Yeast-raised corn breads do not dry out nearly so quickly as the other types, and they are palatable either warm or cold. For these reasons they are convenient for the housekeeper who does not wish to make bread fresh for each meal.

Provides Other Dishes.

Corn meal may be used in preparing many excellent dishes other than breads. A very substantial dish is corn-meal hair balls. It is made of two cupfuls of cold white cornmeal mush, one cupful of shredded codfish, one egg and one tablespoonful of butter.

Pick over the codfish and soak it to remove salt, if necessary. Combine the ingredients and drop by spoonfuls into hot fat. Drain on porous paper. These codfish balls compare very favorably in taste with those made with potato and are prepared more easily and quickly. The mush must be as dry as possible.

The Most Testaceous of the Meal Should Be Taken From the Mill in Small Quantities.

powder or eggs, or in which the corn meal is combined with wheat. For some sorts of cooking it requires softening by soaking. The water-ground meal is prepared very generally from white dent corn which has been neither kiln-dried nor degermed. It is milled between stones which are not allowed to reach a high temperature, and may or may not be bolted. It is not so dry as the granulated meal and feels softer or more flourlike to the touch. While it can be used in cooking all sorts of corn bread, it is particularly suitable for the stiffer forms of bread, which consist chiefly of meal, shortening and water or milk. When used in such breads, however, it should not be ground too finely.

Since corn meal spoils rather easily, special attention should be given to the way in which it is stored. It should be kept in a cool, dry place, and should be closely covered to exclude insects. This applies to the mill and the shop as well as the home. The "water-ground" meal spoils more easily than the granular meal. When convenient, therefore, it should be milled only in small quantities as needed.

In a general way, corn-meal breads, though of very great variety and known by many different names, fall into three classes: Those raised by air beaten into them; those raised by baking powder or soda; and those raised by yeast. The meal is particularly adapted to the making of the first kind, for, as we have seen, there is nothing corresponding with the gluten of wheat to hold the particles together and to prevent them from being driven apart by the expansion of the air. Such breads are best made from the coarser meals and are usually very simple in character, often containing nothing more than meal, salt, and either water or milk. Sugar is sometimes added in some localities though in others this is not considered desirable. A small amount of fat is also added sometimes. Recent carefully conducted experiments have

16,000 PEARL BUTTONS COVER UNIQUE SUIT

This unique suit, possessed by Harry Croft, a London coster, covered with 16,000 pearl buttons, far outshines anything known to New York's Bowery in the pearl button days. Croft's suit is the envy of all South London and with it he has won many prizes at various coster celebrations. The buttons are arranged in many original and artistic designs.

R. S. ENGE, D. C. Ph. C.

Chiropractor

Consultation Free

Suite 9, 11—Lucas Block—Phone 244

Freckles and His Friends

Have to Use Imagination on Tag's Pictures

By Blosser



This unique suit, possessed by Harry Croft, a London coster, covered with 16,000 pearl buttons, far outshines anything known to New York's Bowery in the pearl button days. Croft's suit is the envy of all South London and with it he has won many prizes at various coster celebrations. The buttons are arranged in many original and artistic designs.

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MOTORING MADE QUITE PROFITABLE



Sampling the Farmer's Produce.

Here is a new device planned and followed out by some brainy motorist blessed with the usual amount of vision, but with more sound sense and less pride than the average owner of a pleasure car.

Motoring can be made pleasurable and profitable. Spin along any of the state roads leading to the city, and if you're not going too fast you will notice here and there, outside certain farmhouses, long constructed stands on which are displayed samples of the varieties of garden truck and produce raised in the immediate neighborhood. Stop your car and walk over to the array of stock and find farmer will step forward and talk business.

Many farmers have snapped up the idea and its possibilities. From producer to consumer with both parties sharing the profits which would otherwise go to the handler, marketman, middleman and thug who down the line.

Mrs. Smith, Jones or Brown can lay in a week's supply of greenstuffs by making a ten-minute stop while on a pleasure jaunt. You can sample all you want and no charge! The truck is fresh and reasonably cheap, and charging of packing, transportation, loading and unloading, and infirmities are all profit in your pocket.

AIR IN TIRE IS HELD BY VALVE

Mechanism Is Strong Enough to Withstand Pressure of 70 to 125 Pounds.

SHOULD NEVER BE REMOVED

When Dirty, Corroded or Misplaced It Cannot Perform Its Functions. Properly-Cap, and Washer Afford Protection.

Motorists are often puzzled to know what keeps the air in the tire. A sensitive little mechanism commonly called the plunger and strong enough to hold back air-pressure as high as 70 to 125 pounds to the square inch, functions here. This little valve, which consists of a plunger about an inch long, a bit of spring and rubber, is responsible for the well-being of the tire.

It is located inside the valve stem, and seats against a treaded metal core. It should never be removed unless absolutely necessary. When it is taken out it should not be replaced unless all the parts are in perfect working order.

Gets Out of Order.

When inflating a tire the motorist sometimes accidentally bends the wire plunger, throwing the valve working parts out of line. Sometimes it becomes corroded; sometimes dirty or misplaced. When thus handicapped it cannot perform properly its duties of keeping the air in the tire.

At the top of the valve stem is a small cap which assists the valve by protecting it against the dust which would ordinarily collect there. This cap offers also additional protection against air leakage, for it is fitted with a rubber washer which forms an airtight seal over the stem.

But there is a third device which assists in keeping the air in the tire. A lock washer fits under the dust cap, down over the valve, and seats on the part of the wheel to which the spokes are anchored. The hexagonal nut acts as a seal to prevent dirt, water and other foreign substances from creeping past to ruin the inner tube and valve base. Contrary to the usual supposition, it does not prevent the rim or tire from slipping on the wheel.

Part Are Inexpensive.

These three parts are inexpensive, and if they are found to be worn out or out of order, they can easily be replaced at a trifling expense. Almost any dealer or garage man will be able to furnish them. Failure to have them examined may cost the motorist many dollars in tire underinflation, in tire cutting, in bridges and in blow-outs.

THICKNESS GAUGE IS USEFUL

Number of Blades Hinged So That They Can Be Opened Like an Ordinary Pocket Knife.

One of the most useful little weapons for the car owner is a thickness gauge. This consists of a number of blades hinged so that they can be opened like a pocket knife. Each blade has a different thickness, and they can be used singly or in combination to determine whether various parts which should have certain clearance are properly adjusted.

The amount of wheat in the United States at the beginning of this year was 320,000,000 bushels.

The Swiss federation of manufacturers has decided to reduce the price of paper 30 per cent.

ALIEN PROPERTY BACK TO OWNERS

Government Will Return It All Within Five Years.

HALF-BILLION IN TREASURY

Uncle Sam is Gradually Closing Shop in His Capacity as Trust Officer for Alien Enemies. Property Estimated at \$14,000,000 Already Has Been Returned to Owners—Some Problems Left Over for the Next Congress to Decide.

Within five years the United States government will have returned to that army of men and women known as alien enemies every vestige of the German and Austrian property seized during the war by the alien property custodian. Uncle Sam is gradually closing up shop in his capacity as trust officer for alien enemies, a role which he adopted with such precision to detail and exacting thoroughness during the war period.

While it is known that a snug fortune of at least \$500,000,000 reposes in the coffers of the United States treasury to the credit of alleged enemies of the United States, Francis P. Garvan, alien property custodian, announced that about 10 per cent of the property confiscated has been returned to the owners directly upon the authorization of congress. More than 47,000 trusts are being handled by his office at the present time, and these trusts represent property seized which, with interest, amounts to a staggering total. In the work of his office Mr. Garvan has directed the return to the former owners of property estimated at \$114,000,000. In many cases the identical property itself was returned, but in many other instances, where such a course would be manifestly impossible, the proceeds from the sale of the particular property in question have been turned over to those lawfully entitled to receive the funds.

New Congress to Decide.

Just how far Mr. Garvan can proceed in the matter of restoring these claims for funds and property must be regulated by the incoming Republican congress. The amazing work performed by Mr. Garvan, and Mr. Palmer before him, will never become public knowledge because the officials who direct this work are zealous that the records be kept secret from the eyes of the prying observer.

If the funds were all returned as soon as authenticated claims were presented there would be little left for Mr. Garvan to do but to perform the ministerial duties incident to such a task. It would no longer involve his discretionary power to decide claims, the payment being made upon proof of its just equity and the right of the owners to become possessed of it again. In hundreds of cases, however, the original foreign property owners have died and the government must see to it that their heirs and proper personal representatives are refunded what is due them.

Representative Pope Caldwell of New York is the author of a bill recently introduced in the house which would restore every cent of the confiscated funds without any further delay. It would have the virtual effect of wiping out the office of the alien property custodian and placing in the hands of a bureau the task of sending out checks in response to claims approved by a competent trust officer familiar with the details of the individual claim for money.

Congress has to date provided that the following classes of persons are eligible to put in claims for confiscated property:

First—Citizens of the United States and the natural power. (This class may largely result from changes made in the status of citizenship since the war.)

Second—To German and Austrian subjects who were in the United States provided they still are residents of the United States.

Third—To American-born women who married German subjects prior to April 6, 1917. In the event, however, that their property was not received from a source which had German or Austrian interest.

Two Bills Prepared.

Two bills are now being considered by the house committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce which have for their object the strengthening of rights of women who have made alliances with German subjects.

The latest report which Mr. Garvan made to his governmental superiors is enlightening in many respects, in that it serves to show in a concrete way what has been accomplished. "About 9,000 of these cases," said the report, referring to the trusts which the office has created, "are being covered by reports in which the administration has not yet reached the stage of valuation. When the entire number of trusts reported shall have been finally opened on the books and the readjustment of values consequent upon appraisal shall have been completed, it is safe to state that the total value of the enemy property in the hands of the alien property custodian will reach the sum of \$700,000,000.

"The total amount of government funds expended by the office of the alien property custodian, from the time of its organization to February 15, 1921, is about \$1,000,000. Thus it will be seen that the cost to the government of administering nearly \$700,000,000, located in every state in the Union, and in every insular possession, is only about 1.7 per cent of the principal of the trust estates for a period of sixteen months—a record of economical administration which has

never been approached by any trust company in the world.

Not only did the alien property custodian do his part in rendering assistance to the foe the millions of enemy property in this country, but in an aggressive fashion the office was a great help to the allies. The report which the alien property custodian has submitted and which incidentally has not been allowed to become public before has this to say on that subject: "When the armistice was signed the alien property custodian was supplying the government with manifests for airplane and automobile motors, with cloth to make uniforms for the soldiers and the dyes with which the cloth was colored; with medicines, surgical instruments and dressings, with musical instruments, ball bearings, telescopes, optical instruments and engineers' equipment with coconut charcoal for the making of gas masks, with glycerin for the making of high explosives, and a large number of other and varied products. In some instances the enemy-owned corporations, under the alien property custodian's supervision, were running 100 per cent production on government business alone."

The Case of Mrs. Hilprecht.

The report also deals with numberless pathetic incidents which featured the enforcement of a law which so drastically changed the lives and fortunes of thousands of people, many of them innocent of any wrong and condemned solely because they were of German or Austrian blood. At the congressional hearings designed to get at the facts with reference to the large number of aliens looked after by the department of justice, some of these cases were strikingly described. About the most prominent of these cases was the misfortune of Mrs. Balle Crozier Hilprecht, born in the United States of American parents and having an ancestry that had been American in thought and deed for two generations. She was married in 1903 to Prof. Herman V. Hilprecht, a subject of the former German emperor and who had never taken out naturalization papers.

Professor Hilprecht came to Philadelphia in 1886 from Germany, and in the same year became professor at the University of Pennsylvania. He was curator of the Babylonian section of the university museum and professor of Assyriology until 1910. Professor Hilprecht had two sons by a previous marriage. One died and the other is a resident of the United States and has several children. In 1914 Professor Hilprecht and his wife were in Munich when the war broke out in August, and his wife, under American laws, having the same citizenship as her husband, could not leave Germany. She was formally adopted a German subject and they remained in Germany during the war. When the United States entered the war against the central powers Mrs. Hilprecht fled to Holland. Thence she went to Switzerland, where she has since resided. Mrs. Hilprecht suffered from physical infirmities and has not been able to procure a passport to the United States.

Her property here was valued at half a million dollars. The alien property custodian then Mr. Palmer, seized it, and it is still being held on the ground that she is a German subject, and hence forbidden by the trading with the enemy act from holding title to that property.

Although Mrs. Hilprecht was left a large income under a trust created for her note and separate use by her father, here she cannot enjoy the proceeds of the trust and the funds are accumulating in the alien property custodian's hands. Mrs. Hilprecht is penniless in Switzerland and is dependent upon the generosity and kindness of her friends.

BIG YEAR FOR MOTORCARS

Records Turned Out 1,900,000 Cars and 340,000 Trucks During 1920.

A total of 1,900,000 passenger cars and 340,000 trucks were poured from motorcar factories in the United States during 1920, setting a new and possibly permanent production record for the automobile industry.

The domestic market, drab with unprecedented buying power for the greater part of the year, absorbed 1,000,000 motor vehicles, while the remainder of the output, valued at \$300,000,000, was scattered over the world in export orders. The wholesale value of passenger vehicles produced during the year is estimated at well above \$1,000,000,000. It is estimated there are 200,000 cars in storage.

"DEAF-MUTE" SPOKE

Resented Trampled Toes and Paid \$50 Fine as Result of Stubbs.

"What's the matter, can't you see where you're going?" angrily exclaimed William Johnson of Philadelphia, a "deaf-mute," as George Specht, policeman, accidentally stepped on his toes and upset him.

"The officer was about to apologize when he noted a placard hanging from the ratee's neck. Emboldened, therefore, by the words, 'I am deaf and dumb,' I am collecting funds to send me to school to learn a trade." A fine of \$50 was imposed on Johnson in police court.

Workers Get Chance to Buy Stock.

The Youngstown Sheet and Tube company of Youngstown, O., employing 15,000 men, has announced a plan for selling 100,000 shares of its stock to employees on the installment plan with bonuses to those holding stock.

Ostrich skins are being shipped in large numbers from South Africa to Boston to be made into women's shoes.

ITCH!

JOSEPH H. BROWL, Druggist

TRAVELING CLINIC ON WHEELS



The traveling clinic on wheels which is touring Alameda county, Cal., under the direction of the Alameda County Tuberculosis Association, is said to be the first of its kind in California. The clinic goes mostly into the industrial sections where the people are mostly foreigners and are prone to neglect to have themselves or their children examined. As a result of these examinations children bearing traces of tuberculosis are taken out of school and given proper treatment. The clinic has all the apparatus for making laboratory tests. It cost \$75,000 and was bought from the sale of Red Cross Christmas stamps. The nurses and doctors are supplied by each county and their services are free to the patients.

The photograph shows nurses examining children.

ROAD COURTESY AIDS MOTORIST

Spirit of Kindly Feeling Adds Greatly to Joy of Motoring in Country.

HELP OUT STRANDED DRIVER

Special Need of Chivalrous Attitude on Part of Experienced Operator—Women Not Skilled in Coping With Trouble.

One of the big pleasures of modern motoring lies in the fact that whether the trip is for 100 or 1,000 miles, the motorist has every reason to feel sure that life will finish his journey without having to climb out of his car to undertake the disagreeable job of making repairs on the road.

But now and then some mishap occurs, and a courtesy of the road that all motorists can extend with little inconvenience to themselves is an offer of help to a fellow motorist whose car has become stranded. Such an offer is particularly timely if the scene of the mishap is some point whose remoteness from a garage would make it difficult to get assistance.

Owners Caught Unawares.

Even the most careful owners are caught unawares at times and find themselves far from home and minus some tool that is essential to making a repair. For instance, not so long ago, a man who prides himself on his equipment got a puncture on the back of his car were two new tires ready for just such an emergency.

But when he went to get one of these tires he could not find the key, to the lock. He was just getting ready to wreck the lock when a car drew up with an offer of assistance. It happened that the good Samaritan had a key that opened the lock, and put an end to the difficulty.

Many Women Unskilled.

With the number of women drivers rapidly increasing, some of them not skilled in coping with tire trouble or bad ignition, there is an especial need of a chivalrous attitude on the part of experienced drivers. The women probably ought not to be driving at all unless they know enough about a car to be able to make simple repairs, but the fact remains that some are without the requisite knowledge. Moreover, equal suffrage has not yet reduced women to the status of man to the point where the average male would be able to square himself with his conscience if he paid so heed to a woman in distress.

In order to extend an offer to this sort it is not necessary to go through a lot of formality—a mere wave of the hand will frequently serve the purpose. But it is this spirit of kindly courtesy that adds to the joy of motoring and increases the pride of motorists in their class.

IN CASE OF HARD STARTING

Overrichness of Mixture Is Frequently Cause of Trouble—Let Gasoline Evaporate.

A not infrequent cause of hard starting is overrichness of the mixture. When this is suspected the driver had best stop trying to start for a few minutes, when the excess gasoline will have evaporated and very probably the engine will start off at the first pressure of the button or turn of the crank.

CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY

Cut out this slip, enclose with \$6 and mail it to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package con-

Famous Old Recipe for Cough Syrup

Ready and cheaply made at home, but it beats the stuff all for a quick result.

Thousands of housewives have found that they can save two-thirds of the money usually spent for cough preparations, by using the well-known old recipe for making cough syrup at home. It is simple and cheap but it has no equal for prompt results. It takes right hold of a cough and gives immediate relief, usually stopping an ordinary cough in 24 hours or less.

Get 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex from any drugist, pour it into a pint bottle and add plain granulated sugar syrup to make a full pint. If you prefer, use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, instead of sugar syrup. Either way, it tastes good, keeps perfectly, and lasts a family a long time.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying throat tickle and dreaded cough disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic croup, hoarseness or bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, known the world over for its healing effect on the membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your drugist for 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex with full directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

constipation, biliousness, headaches, and sluggish bowels.

Mexico, which for many years exported live stock to the United States is now buying meat in American markets.

Grove's is the Only Genuine Laxative BROMO QUININE tablets. The first and original Cold and Grip Tablets. (Be sure you get BROMO.) 30c.

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—BISMARCK, N. D.

RADIATORS FOR AUTOS, TRUCKS AND TRACTORS

Repaired, Rebuilt, Recored and Cleaned out by up to date process, which has no equal.

We are agents for the famous "S. I." Cars and Radiators guaranteed against damage from road testing, unequalled for durability and efficiency.

Trucks made and repaired, Todies, Forders, Lampes and Wheel Barrows.

We have the latest shop in the state, and on year work. The price will be right, and all work guaranteed.

FARMERS AND TRAPPERS ATTENTION

Don't Sell Hides and Furs Under prevailing Low Market. Let us tan them either into fur sets, robes, coats or leather and use same to a good advantage instead of sacrificing them at the present low prices. Send for FREE price list and tags. If you prefer selling we always pay the highest market price.

THE BISMARCK HIDE & FUR CO.

Bismarck, North Dakota

WHEN YOU ASK FOR BUTTER A NORTHERN

EASTER

MARCH 27th

The day every good dresser wants to look his best. See my Easter Styles and Patterns. A selection to meet every taste and pocket book.

Suits \$29.50 Up

KLEIN

Tailor and Cleaner

tailoring Foley's Money and Tar Compounding for coughs, colds and croup

Foley Kidney Pills for pains in sides and back; rheumatism, backache, kidney and bladder ailments; and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic for